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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIV NO. 12 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1946 Price: 2 Annas

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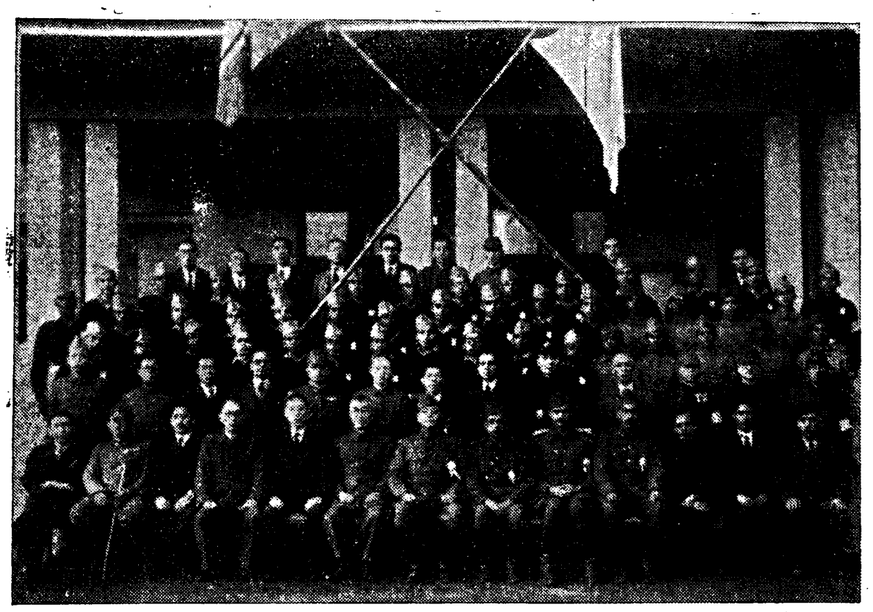
BOMBAY, No. 4.

D.I.R. THREAT TO BLACK-MARKET IN G.C. NOTES

I. N. A. TRAINING ACADEMY



Group Photo of I.N.A. Training Academy with Netaji Subhas Bose in the centre and the officer cadets standing behind. The six persons sitting to the left of Netaji are (1) Lt.-Col. Chatterjee (Foreign Minister), (2) Lt. Col. Kiani (Divisional Commander), (3) Lt. Col. Habibur-Rahman, A.D.C., (5) K. Ramamurti (Chairman of Tokio Indian Independence League), (6) Methani (Yokohama In dian Independence League).

NO BUSINESS AT DISCOUNT

Govt. Not To Demonetise Hundred Rupee Notes

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14. (A.P.I.): A press note says:

In view of certain rumours which have gained currency in connection with ordinance No. 3 of 1946, demonetising high denomination bank notes, the Government of India wish to make it clear that this ordinance does not extend to one hundred notes and that there is no intention to demonetise notes of this value.

Reports have been received that unscrupulous speculators are trying to trade in 100-rupee and other lower denominational bank notes by persuading their holders to part with them at a discount. They are warned that such transactions, besides causing needless loss to the holders, are an offence under rule ninety of the D. I. R. Persons buying or selling notes at a discount are liable to prosecution and penalty which may extend to imprisonment up to five years or fine or both.

At Less Than 50 Per Cent Value

KARACHI, Jan. 14. (A.P.I.): The scramble for notes of smaller denomination in exchange for currency notes of the value of Rs. one thousand and over continued throughout Sunday and such notes were exchanged for less than fifty per cent of their value.

It Slumps Even In India's Capital

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14. (A.P.I.): One thousand rupee notes fetched Rs. eight hundred a piece early to-day. Later values slumped further, and thousand rupee notes were available for Rs. seven hundred.

Record Low In Bombay

BOMBAY, Monday.

Jittery financial quarters in Bombay await with mixed hope and dread the reopening of the banks at 10 a.m. to-morrow when they will learn the financial houses' reaction to the anti-black market ordinances outlawing high denomination bank notes.

Financial operators in the bazars said they would be guided by the banks' reaction.

This was another day of frantic effort and worry by those caught with embarrassing quantities of bank notes of Rs. 500 and higher denomination, ownership of which would have to be explained to income-tax collectors and other Government officers when a final accounting is made.

Black marketing of high denomination notes was reportedly heavy with Rs. 1,000 notes being exchanged for between Rs. 400 and Rs. 600 each.

SOVEREIGNS SOLD AT 80 RUPEES

CALCUTTA, Jan. 14. (A.P.I.): One effect of the ordinance has been that while the Calcutta Bullion Market reported no business in sovereigns to-day, the coin was quoted on the kerb at as

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 4.)

Photos Taken During Netaji Subhas Bose's Visi

Sardar On League 'Victory Day'

Declares Elections Will Prove Where Pakistan Stands

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 14, (A.P.I.): Addressing a crowded public meeting here this evening, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel said the Congress had decided to contest the election only to prove how far people were behind the Congress. If the Congress remained aloof from the election, unworthy persons would enter the Councils and they would be used against the Congress.

NO PAKISTAN WITHOUT CIVIL WAR

"The Muslim League", Sardar Patel said, "has captured all the Muslim seats and it may celebrate 'Victory-Day' and believe that Pakistan has been achieved. But Pakistan cannot be achieved in this way. Pakistan is not in the hands of the British Government. If Pakistan is to be achieved, Hindus and Muslims will have to fight. There will be civil war.

The Congress is no longer going to knock at the door of the League. The Congress has tried to settle with the League many times. But it has been kicked out every time. The Congress has decided not to approach the League till it changes its policy. It can take by force whatever it wants.

SIMLA MISTAKE WON'T BE REPEATED

Sardar Patel disputed the claim that Britain would hand over power if Hindus and Muslims united.

"The Viceroy", he said, "went to England with a formula agreed upon by two representatives of the Congress and the League. On his return from England he put forth a new proposal. Still the Congress accepted it. The Viceroy admitted the sincerity of the Congress and the unreasonableness of Mr. Jinnah. Yet he refused to do anything against the wishes of Mr. Jinnah. If this policy is to

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 3.)

Sardar Warns Black-Marketeers

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 14.

Sardar Patel in the course of a speech referred to the Demonetisation Ordinance and said "Before I went to jail, I warned you that Government paper currencies were of no avail. Today, five hundred rupees and higher denomination notes have ceased to be of value. Tomorrow hundred rupees notes might be demonetised.

Why were black markets allowed so long? But this is not the time to talk of post-War schemes. Our real work will start after elections. We shall not allow any body to rest, and we shall not rest after election".

RS. 1,11,000, PURSE TO SARAT BOSE

CALCUTTA, January 14, (U. P.I.): A purse of Rs. 1,11,000 was presented to Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose by Mr. Suresh Chandra Mazumdar, Chairman of the Sarat Bose Reception Committee, at a crowded public meeting held yesterday afternoon at Deshabandhu Park. A big portrait of Netaji was placed behind the rostrum at the foot of which seated a number of I.N.A. personnel.

CAN'T TRY SUBJECT OF INDIAN STATE

Sir Tek Chand Argues Capt. Burhanuddin's Petition

LAHORE, Jan. 14 (API.) The precincts of the Lahore High Court were strongly guarded by the police today when Capt. Burhanuddin of the Indian National Army and younger brother of the Mehtar of Chitral was produced before a full bench consisting of Mr. Justice Abdul Rashid, Mr. Justice Sale and Mr. Justice Din Mohammed, in response to a writ of the 'habeas corpus' issued by the High Court on a petition filed on his behalf questioning the jurisdiction of the Court Martial to try him.

The court room and visitors gallery were packed to capacity.

Sir Tek Chand arguing the petition questioned the jurisdiction of the Court Martial to try Capt. Burhanuddin who, he pointed out, was the subject of an Indian State and that for an offence committed outside India the Court Martial had no power to try Capt. Burhanuddin.

Sir Tek Chand said that Capt. Burhanuddin was born in Chitral, an Indian State, on Jan. 11, 1913.

Further hearing was adjourned till tomorrow morning.

DEMOCRATS TO MARCH ON TEHERAN?

TEHERAN, Jan. 14. (Reuter): Democrats (the Persian party which set up an autonomous Government in the northern province of Azerbaijan) have seized six locomotives and 70 wagons and control the railway from Kazvin (about 85 miles north-west of Teheran) to the north-west, it was reported in Teheran today.

Fears were expressed in some quarters that they might be intending to march on the capital.

The crews of captured trains who have returned to Teheran by bus said that democrats were now running trains between Senjan (90 miles north-west of Kazvin) and Mianeh (70 miles north-west of Zenjan).

M.P.'S MEET FRONTIER GANDHI AND DR. KHAN SAHIB

PESHAWAR, Jan. 14 (A.P.I.): Prof. Richard, Mr. Sorensen and Lord Chorley met Dr. Khan Sahib the Frontier Premier and Mr. Mehr Chand Khanna, M.L.A., (Congress) at a lunch given by their host Mr. Yunas Khan. The party left for Nowshera this afternoon where they saw a Sikh regimental centre and met Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan. They are meeting Dr. Khan Sahib again this evening.

(SEE PAGE 5)

AZAD TO FLY TO DELHI

To Attend Meeting Of Parliamentary Board

CALCUTTA, January 14, (A. P. I.): The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, will leave for Delhi tomorrow by air for a meeting of the Congress Central Parliamentary Board. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will also travel by this plane from Allahabad, it is learnt here.

SIR JOGENDRASINGH TO QUIT?

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14.

Reports are current here that Sir Jogendrasingh, Member for Agriculture, Education, Health and planning will resign from the Executive Council of the Governor-General.

According to one source, he has already tendered his resignation.

According another source, he intends to be releaved by the end of the budget session of the Central Legislature this spring.

INTERNATIONAL PRESS CONFERENCE

International Press Conference is being held in Australia in October this year, according to advises received here. The conference is held primarily to defend the liberty of the press.

Orissa 'Belsen' Report Submitted To Azad

Treatment In Koraput Jail Takes Toll Of Fifty Prisoners

CUTTACK, Jan. 14, (A.P.I.).

A report has been submitted to the Congress President by Mr. Radhakrishna Biswas Roy, President of the Provincial Congress Committee, detailing the atrocities committed on Koraput people in the August, 1942, movement. Mr. Biswas Roy sums up the figures of casualties as follows: Sent to gallows one. Those who lost their lives in firing 25. Died in the lathi charge —two (including a boy of four years). Death outside the jail —50. Persons now undergoing sentences for transportation for life—32.

ORDINANCE KILLS HER OUTRIGHT

KARACHI, Jan. 14.

On learning about the demonetisation ordinance, a forty year old Punjabi woman is reported to have died in Karachi of heart-failure today. It is alleged that she had about Rs. 1,000,000/- in one thousand rupee currency notes.

MADE NAKED AND CLOTHES SET ON FIRE

The report continues: "Many Congressmen have been deprived of their lands, cattle and other belongings. Innumerable Congressmen were stripped naked and their clothes set fire to. Even women were subjected to these atrocities."

A motor car and a sum of Rs. 2,000 are among the properties of the Congress which have not been returned till today. Deprived of the car they had to tour in the district as extensive as one-third of the province considered to be backward in every way. Mr. Radhakrishna Bis-

(Continued on Page 5 Col 5.)

NEW ORDINANCE TO PUT BANK DEALS ABOVE BOARD

NEW DELHI, January 14.

An Ordinance has been promulgated and published in the Gazette of India dated January 15, 1945, empowering the Central Government to direct the Reserve Bank of India to inspect any Banking Company, says a Press Note.

The Ordinance also empowers the Government to take certain corrective action where necessary. The Government may prohibit a Banking Company from receiving fresh deposits or refuse its inclusion as a Scheduled Bank or if it has already been so included direct its exclusion from the Schedule.

The Banking Companies Bill contained these and other comprehensive provisions designed to ensure the working of banks on sound lines. It will, however, take a considerable time before the bill is placed on the statute book. In the meantime, the rapid expansion of banks during recent years has been attended by certain undesirable trends, such as the tendency to acquire control of non-banking companies by the purchase of the latter's shares at inflated prices, the interlocking of shares between banks and other companies, the grant of large unsecured loans to persons connected with the management, indiscriminate expansion of branches and in general utilisation of banks' funds to the detriment of the interests of the depositors. Early action to check these and other unsound and speculative practices is necessary, if the structure of Indian banking is to be preserved from injury during the difficult years of transition from war to peace economy. The ordinance has therefore been passed to bring into force immediately the provisions in the bill regarding inspection as the most suitable and effective method for achieving this purpose.

The ordinance will be operative until the enactment of the banking companies bill which will provide for its repeal.

INDIAN STATES FALL IN LINE

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14. (A.P.I.): The drastic steps announced by the Government of India to suppress black marketeers and hoarders of high denomination currency notes have been taken in consultation with Indian States, it is understood here. States Governments are expected to fall in line with British India in this matter so as to prevent offenders from evading the provisions of the ordinance by transferring themselves or their hoards to Indian States.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MARCH).

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.

Previous closing	24.56
To-day's opening	24.53
Difference	—.03
To-day's closing	24.59
Difference	+.03

THE EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA & AFRICA LTD.

(India's Own Exchange Bank).

HEAD OFFICE: FORT, BOMBAY.

To everybody interested in trade with Aden, the Directors have pleasure in informing that a Branch of the Bank will commence functioning at Aden with effect from 17th January 1946.

The Directors take this opportunity to thank all well wishers, friends and customers of the Bank and hope that the same patronage will be extended to the new Branch at Aden.

J. M. AKHANEY,
Managing Director.

OLD ESTABLISHED & SAFEST BANK IN INDIA IS

The Jwala Bank Ltd.,

BOMBAY BRANCH:— Hornby Road. Over Kemp & Co
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which speaks from the following facts and figures of their last balance sheet:—

PUBLIC LIABILITIES

DEPOSITS IN ALL ABOUT Rs. 96,00,000

ASSETS.

All investments in cash and Gilt Edged Securities and fully secured advances Rs. 1,08,39,000

SURPLUS ASSETS FOR SHAREHOLDERS AGAINST PAID-UP CAPITAL Rs. 13,32,000/- ONLY.

DIFFERENCE OF ABOVE	12,60,000
UNSECURED LOANS	2,30,000
BUILDINGS (Calculating 4 times than pre-war)	8,00,000
FURNITURE (Calculating 4 times than pre-war).	6,00,000
MACHINERY, FANS, etc. (Calculating 4 times than pre-war)	2,32,000
	32,22,000

INCOME

Future safety of business houses, Banks or Firms depends on the ratio of income they happen to make only and not otherwise. This Bank has in all, including Capital, Reserves and Deposits, one crore fifteen lacs and twelve thousand (Rs. 1,15,12,000/-) on which this year incomes are Rs. 6,72,000/- i.e. 6% per annum on working capital.

SPECIAL NOTES.

Considering small liabilities to the public, surplus assets, advances about all in Gilt Edged Securities and earnings theron 6% p. a. unsecured advances and due to other Banks very very little, this Bank is said to be the safest Bank in India if the sensible public happen to compare.

The Europeans Lose Last 5 Wkts. For 11 Runs

Compton's Heroic Efforts: Great Bowling By Vinoo Mankad: Shinde Impresses

The Hindus (First Innings) for 6 wickets 504
The Europeans (First Innings) 212
The Europeans (Second Innings) 291

BOMBAY, Monday.

Sensational cricket was witnessed on the last day of the match between the Europeans and the Hindus. The former faced with an innings defeat at the close of play in the second day rallied magnificently and when their fourth wicket fell they wanted only 70 runs to avert that defeat. All but 12 of those runs were obtained without further loss and then the game took a dramatic turn. The remaining six wickets, including that of the redoubtable Compton, could collect only 11 runs between them, the left-hander Vinoo claiming all of them.

Amongst the highlight of the day were the great bowling performances of Vinoo Mankad and Shinde and the large-hearted batsmanship of Compton. Compton was ever aware of the responsibility that dwelt on him and throughout batted in a businesslike manner. Immediately after getting his hundred, however, he set about the bowling, although the menace of an innings defeat still hung overhead. This he should not have done, seeing that he was so near the goal he strived to reach. As for the rest there can be nothing but bouquets for their England Test Cricketer. He was never uncomfortable against any of the bowlers and played them with masterly ease. Apart from, the one catch behind the wickets he offered in Shinde's very first over today, there was no blemish in his innings.

The bowling honours go only to Vinoo Mankad for those who go by statistics alone for he captured all the seven wickets claimed by any bowler today. But for actual performance, Shinde, the Maharashtra googly bowler must rule shoulders with the Kathiawar stalwart. In the final analyses that he retained there is not even a single wicket registered to his credit. But in actual performance he all but dismissed Compton in his first over and later, repeatedly beat the batsman, unfortunately, without any luck. He was turning them sharply and kept a good length once he had found the spot. His was indeed a very fine performance.

DETAILS OF PLAY

Sohoni and Vinoo opened the attack to Simpson and Sinden this morning and both batsmen started confidently. In Sohoni's third over, Simpson was dropped in the slips by Uday Merchant when he was 45. The batsman got his 50 in the same over when he placed Sohoni to cover for a single.

With the score at 75 Simpson was run out as the result of a bad call from Sinden, the batsman having scored 59. (7—1—593). Lyon the European skipper joined Sinden and was dropped by Rege at long off when he had scored only one. Vinoo being the bowler to suffer. He did not stay long, however, being bowled by Vinoo when he was one short of his double figures. (95—2—9).

COMPTON STEPS IN

Compton joined Sinden who was dropped by Rangnekar at fine leg off Bannerji when his score was 24 and again at 34 by Uday this time off Phadkar. He however, continued his lucky knock and got his 50 by late-cutting Shinde who had replaced Vinoo for 3.

Compton continued to play quiet cricket and was never disturbed by the bowlers. Aware of the responsibility that dwelt on his shoulders he refused to make any big strokes and obtained his runs mainly through clever placements.

Sinden who was never comfortable to Shinde was run out with the score at 163. Sinde's brilliant return to the wicket-keeper caught him out of his crease. (163—3—56). Palmer joined Compton and when his score was only one played forward to Shinde, the ball going just wide off Vijay at silly mid-off.

AFTER LUNCH

Shinde and Vinoo were in charge of the attack when play was resumed after lunch. Compton and Palmer set about is right earnest to avoid the innings defeat that threatened them. Compton was playing academic cricket and his runs were the results of clever placements.

The second century of the innings was hoisted by Compton who had reached his 50 before and the first change after lunch was made when Phadkar took over from Vinoo who crossed over to the other end and relieved Shinde. In Phadkar's first over another European batsman ran himself out. Compton straight drove Phadkar and got a single Palmer attempted a second run but Compton first sent him back and then called for a run. Meanwhile Palwankar fielding as a substitute for Rege who had pulled a muscle picked up the ball ran Palmer out, the latter sportingly walked towards the dangerous end leaving Compton at the crease. (222—4—21).

The left-handed Dobree-Carey joined Compton who proceeded to complete his century marred by only one chance—when he snicked Shind e in his first over and Hindlekar failed to accept the catch.

This was a signal for Compton to have a fling at the bowling. When Compton was 112 Vinoo tempted him out of his crease but Hindlekar was late in removing the bails.

ROT SETS IN

Compton, however, soon lost his partner Dobree-Carey attempted a big hit, missed and was bowled by Vinoo Mankad (280—5—12). After surviving one ball, Ingram-Johnson the next man lifted the next into the hands of Vijay at mid-off. (280—6—0). The Europeans still wanted 12 runs to avoid an innings defeat when Brown joined Compton. He, however, edged the first ball he received into the hands of Hindlekar behind the wickets. (280—7—0). Still requiring seven runs to avoid an innings defeat, the Europeans lost their star batsman, Compton, who swung wildly at Vinoo and was bowled (285—8—124). Brayshay the next man in was bowled by Vinoo with an off-break, (285—9—0). Still wanting a run to save an innings defeat Eccleston was bowled by Vinoo. (291—10—9). The Hindus thus won by an innings and one run.

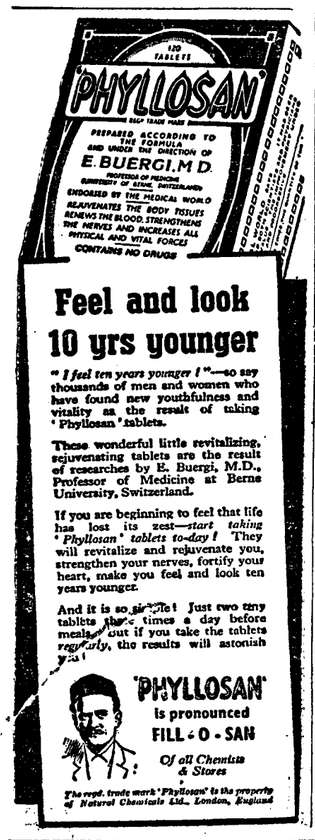
THE EUROPEANS (Second Innings)

Sinden run out	56
Simpson run out	59
Lyon b Vinoo Mankad	9
Compton b Vinoo Mankad	124
Palmer run out	21
Dobree-Carey b Vinoo Mankad	12
Ingram-Johnson c Vijay Merchant b Vinoo Mankad	0
Brown c Hindlekar b Vinoo Mankad	0
Eccleston b Vinoo Mankad	5
Brayshay b Vinoo Mankad	0
Judge not out	1
Extras	4
Total	291

Fall of wickets: 1 for 75; 2 for 96; 3 for 163; 4 for 222; 5 for 280; 6 for 280; 7 for 280; 8 for 285; 9 for 285 and 10 for 291.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O.	M.	R.	W.
S. N. Bannerji	12	2	39	0
S. W. Sohoni	6	1	16	0
Vinoo Mankad	38.5	5	91	7
D. G. Phadkar	19	3	57	0
S. G. Shinde	28	2	84	0


PHYLLOSAN
PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE FORMULA AND UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
E. BUERGI, M.D.
ENDORSED BY THE MEDICAL WORLD
REJUVENATES THE BODY TISSUES
RENEWS THE BLOOD, STRENGTHENS THE NERVES AND INCREASES ALL PHYSICAL AND VITAL FORCES
CONTAINS NO DRUGS

Feel and look 10 yrs younger

"I feel ten years younger!"—so say thousands of men and women who have found new youthfulness and vitality as the result of taking 'Phyllosan' tablets.

These wonderful little revitalizing, rejuvenating tablets are the result of researches by E. Buergi, M.D., Professor of Medicine at Berne University, Switzerland.

If you are beginning to feel that life has lost its zest—*start taking 'Phyllosan' tablets to-day!* They will revitalize and rejuvenate you, strengthen your nerves, fortify your heart, make you feel and look ten years younger.

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Of all Chemists & Stores

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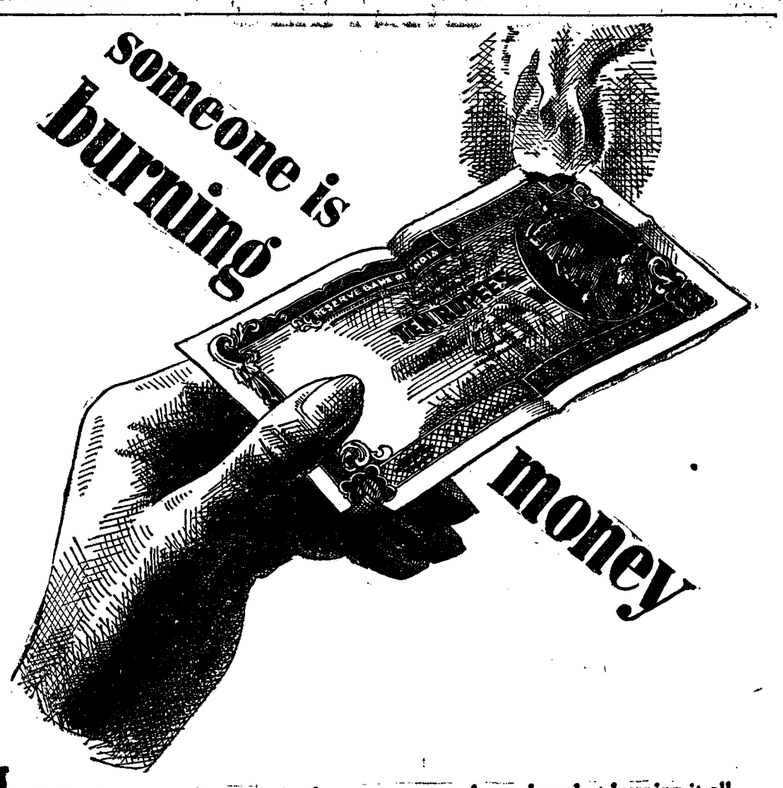

MAYBE it is you, perhaps not in the same way as shown here but burning it all the same. Every time you buy needlessly and at inflated prices, you are in fact burning money, because it is plain commonsense that war-time prices give you bad value for money.

Many things have disappeared from the market—others are in short supply. Rationing and controls have been necessary to see that everyone gets a fair share of what is available. Prices of controlled articles even are in excess of pre-war prices, not to mention uncontrolled articles. We presume you are a good citizen and do not pay the fantastic Black Market prices. Why pay ten rupees for a thing which is not worth more than five? Much better to postpone your purchases till prices are normal again, when you will be able to buy better goods at lower prices.

PLAN TODAY FOR TOMORROW
SAVE ALL YOU CAN

But remember to invest your savings where they will be safe, and waiting for you when you need them.

National Savings Certificates, Government Loans, Post Office Savings Bank Accounts, Insurance, Co-operative Societies and Savings Bank Accounts are both safe and profitable. Do not risk your money by buying land, buildings, commodities, manufactured goods or jewellery. Their prices are very high these days and chances of depreciation are great. SAVE SAFELY FOR THE FUTURE.

ISSUED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

AAA 150

Parsi And Muslim Teams Meet Today

BOMBAY, Jan. 14. (A.P.I.): The following players have been selected to represent the Parsi and Muslim teams in the semi-final of the Bombay Pentangular cricket tournament which will be played here from tomorrow:

PARSIS: P. E. Palia (Captain) D. S. Doctor (wicket-keeper), J. B. Khot, K. K. Tarapore, J. B. Patel, D. B. Satha, R. S. Modi, E. B. Aibara, N. H. Colah, P. R. Umrigar and J. S. Lawyer.

RESERVES: M. F. Mistry, J. A. Dadyseth and D. F. Bhada.

MUSLIMS: K. C. Ibrahim (Captain), E. S. Maka (wicket-keeper), M. E. Z. Gazali, Saeed Ahmed, K. C. Abdulla, Anwar Hussain, Inayatullah Khan, N. A. Latif, Asgar Ali, Gulam Ahmed and Alimuddin.

RESERVES: K. M. Mamsa, M. S. Balooch, Mohammed Umer and K. C. Kassam.

SIR FRANCIS MUDIE TO BE SWORN IN TODAY

KARACHI, Jan. 14 (A.P.I.)—Sir Francis Mudie, Governor designate of Sind arrived in Karachi this morning from the United Kingdom, he will be sworn in as Governor of Sind at 5-30 p.m. on Jan. 15.

Sir Hugh Dow, the outgoing Governor of Sind, met Sir Francis on his arrival at the aerodrome today.

Sir Hugh Dow is proceeding on three months' leave prior to his taking up the Governorship of Bihar in April.

Lady Dow left this morning for Bombay from where she will sail for the United Kingdom.

The new Sind Governor has programmed to tour Sind immediately after the provincial elections are over in the third week of this month.

Ramamurti's Mission Dropped?

MADRAS, Jan 11, (A. P. I.): Since no intimation has been received from Washington, it is unlikely that Sir S. V. Ramamurti, Adviser to H. E. the Governor of Madras will proceed to the U. S. A. with Sir Manilal B. Nanavathi, to press on the United Nations Food Allocations Board India's claims for adequate supplies of rice from Burma and Siam.

Abolition Of Caste In India

Huge Fortune Left By Rangi MacWalker For The Cause

TORONTO, Jan. 12 (Reuter): More than half of a fortune of 11,00,000 dollars left by India-born Rangi MacWalker is to be devoted to the abolition of the caste system in India.

MacWalker, who worked on the Canadian Pacific Railway at the beginning of the century and died in Baltimore in 1944, was born in India, his father being an Irish Colonial and his mother a Parsi.

Other items in MacWalker's will include 2,500,000 dollars to various Canadian charities and an equal amount to old-time employees of the Canadian Pacific Railway line between Calagry and Laggan (now Lake Louis).

It took a long search to find the beneficiaries but now all have been contacted except his three brothers.

The Pentangular

MANKAD'S GRAND BOWLING FEAT

Innings Defeat For Europeans After Exciting Struggle

(BY OUR CRICKET CRITIC)

The second match between the Hindus and the Europeans ended sensationally on Monday afternoon. What appeared to be a certain draw at a late stage of the contest was converted into a magnificent victory by the nominal margin of a single run! Of course, there was a full innings to spare. But the question was whether the Hindus would succeed in defeating their opponents by eleven wickets. Their early fielding lapses had helped the Europeans to avoid the dismal situation in which they were placed in the first innings so much so that a draw seemed inevitable.

VINOO'S SIGNAL DISTINCTION

For when the score-board showed 280 for 4 wickets nobody could have dreamt that the Europeans would lose the remaining 6 wickets within the space of 12 runs. And there was Denis Compton, with 120 runs to his credit, still in the arena. But Vinoo Mankad got himself into an inspiring mood and claimed all the wickets before the European batsmen could reach the figure set before them by their rivals. He was rather unlucky to miss the hat-trick but he had the signal honour of capturing all the wickets which fell to the lot of the bowlers.

It was a singular fact that no other bowler could bag a wicket in this innings,—the other three batsmen being run out! It does not speak very highly of the other bowlers though—does it? For this, the blame goes to the fieldsmen for the most part.

COMPTON'S CLASSICAL BATTING

Whatever merit Simpson and Sinden may claim for contributing 59 and 56 respectively to the European total, there is no denying the fact that Compton fully earned his kudos for he completed his century and 24 including 8 fours, without offering a single chance. It was a real treat to watch his classical batting. Without him the European side would have been almost as bad as the Rest.

The Hindus will now meet the winners of the second semi-final between the Muslims, last year's champions, and the Parsees, which will begin at the Brabourne Stadium to-day. Unless they improve their fielding considerably, they will be hard put to it to overpower their final opponents, whoever they are.

By the way, I find on a reference to the Pentangular records, that the Parsis had earned the distinction of scoring three centuries in one innings against the Europeans in 1941. M. F. Mistry, R. S. Mody and J. B. Khot having compiled 152, 144 and 109 (not out) respectively in a total of 538 for 5 wickets (declared). Play the Sahibs!

INDIAN OFFICERS REQUIRED FOR ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14.—The first post-war examination for appointments in the Department of the Judge Advocates General in India will be held in July, 1946. Indian and British officers who hold or have applied for regular commissions in the Indian Army are invited to offer themselves as candidates.

Indian officers particularly are required, especially those who have served overseas with combatant units. Those interested should apply through their commanding officers.

During the war the work of the department was carried on by the temporary attachment of officers with the necessary legal qualifications. The holding of this examination will mark the resumption of peacetime method of recruitment.

MR. PAREKH TO REPRESENT BOMBAY I. N. A. COMMITTEE

BOMBAY, Jan. 12 (O.P.I.): Mr. Nathalal D. Parekh was elected, at a meeting of the Mayor's I.N.A. Relief Committee held last night, to represent the Bombay Committee at the Central I.N.A. Relief Fund, Committee, which will meet at New Delhi on January 18 under the Chairmanship of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

Mr. Parekh will leave for New Delhi on January 16.

Muslim Women Celebrate "Victory Day"

The Hon. Secretary, D Ward Primary Muslim League No. 5 writes:—

A meeting of the Muslim ladies of the 'D' Ward was held on Friday at at Forjet Street, Cumballa Hill, to celebrate the Muslim League "Victory Day". Mrs. Sikender Khan Dehelvi presided.

Mrs. Dehelvi said that they could not overlook the predominant features which contributed and helped them to the glorious success in their political life. The first of these was the blessing of Allah who had crowned our efforts with success. Secondly the real and true cause of their success in the elections was attributed to the acknowledged and accredited leader of Muslim India, Quid-e-Azam Jinnah, whose leadership during the last eight years had brought Muslim India under one banner with one thought of Pakistan. Muslim women today were aware that they constituted not less than four crores out of ten crores Muslims in India. They were solidly standing shoulder to shoulder with their men folk and were prepared for any sacrifice they might be called upon to make. She requested the Muslim ladies to prepare themselves for the coming provincial elections and thus prove to the world the Quid-e-Azam's claim that Musalmans were 100 per cent behind the League.

Others to speak in the meeting were Mrs. Safia Siddiqui, Miss Neelam and Mrs. Amin Hazein.

The meeting was organised by the 'D' Ward Primary Muslim League No. 5.

City Traders To Observe Hartal

The Sales Tax Protest Committee which is composed of trade organisations in Bombay has decided to urge traders to observe hartal today (January 15) as a protest against the propcsed sales tax.

B. Y. L. NAIR HOSPITAL

The B. Y. L. Nair Charitable Hospital Expansion and N. M. College Silver Jubilee Committee has appealed for donations for the expansion of the B. Y. L. Nair Hospital, Jetha Street, Lamington Road, (North) Bombay 8. Donations may be sent to Hon. Secretaries or put into the charity box placed at the door of the hospital.

Winning Coin Designs

Three prizes of Rs. 500 each have been awarded by the Coinage Design Committee for designs for new Indian coins. The winners are Mr. F. W. Brindley of Bombay ("Tiger" design), Mr. Gopalaswamy, of Kumbakonam ("Peacock" design) and Mr. Das, of Nasik Road ("Ears of Corn" design).

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ANNOUNCEMENT

REPATRIATION OF INDIAN EVACUEES TO BURMA

Procedure For Registration

Indian evacuees desirous of returning to Burma are requested to note the following procedure regarding the registration and issue of Identity Certificates to them:—

Evacuees should present themselves to the Tehsildar or Sub-Divisional Magistrate or Circle Officer or any other Officer appointed by Provincial Governments for this purpose in the area in which they are resident, and apply, in the prescribed form, for an Identity Certificate. The application forms are available with the officers mentioned above and can be had free.

Evacuees, who are not in receipt of financial assistance, would be well advised to bring with them evidence of their status as an evacuee, such as a letter from a responsible officebearer of duly constituted evacuee or refugee organisation; or a letter from any person who might have held important official or non-official positions in Burma; or a letter from any respectable Burma evacuee well-known in the area; or a certificate from the Central Refugee Officer or Assistant Refugee Officer of the Zone; or a certificate from the village headman; or any other document which will prove his evacuee status. One or more of these documents will be sufficient for the purpose.

The Magistrate after satisfying himself that the applicant is an evacuee will issue an Identity Certificate. Evacuees should get their Identity Certificates and wait for an 'embarkation notice' from the Protector of Emigrants concerned. These embarkation notices are not likely to issue before March or April, 1946.

An evacuee for the purpose of this scheme is any person who was obliged to leave Burma as a result of the war and subsequent Japanese occupation of that country; and any person who was resident in Burma and had left that country prior to the declaration of hostilities and would have returned to Burma if it had not been for the war and the consequent Japanese occupation of that country.

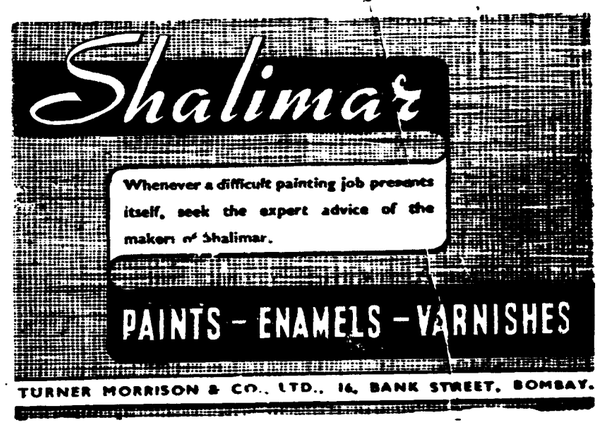
All male adults above the age of 18 are to apply on a separate form and obtain separate Identity Certificates. Male dependents of evacuees below 18 and female dependents of whatever age are not required to apply and obtain separate Identity Certificates. All females, who are not attached to any adult males as dependents, should also apply and obtain separate Identity Certificates. Any dependents who are to go with such non-dependent females, should be included in the application and the Identity Certificates of such females concerned.

If the evacuees are in a position to obtain small pass-port-size photographs, such photographs should be produced in duplicate for the purpose of affixing them in the Identity Certificate as well as the duplicate copy of the application form. It would be in the interest of evacuees to affix such photographs, but if the evacuee is not in a position to bear the expense, photographs will not be insisted upon.

This scheme is applicable only to Indian evacuees. The Government of Burma will issue certificates to Burmans, Anglo-Burmans, Anglo-Indians, Indians in the service of the Government of Burma and the rest. Registration will commence on December 10, 1945, and will be completed on January 31, 1946

Issued by the Commonwealth Relations Department, Government of India.

AAA 528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Matinee on Sun. 1 p. m.
Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 & 5 to 7
(EVERGREEN Release)

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DHAMKI
4TH WEEK
FAMOUS THRILLER
MINERVA
Daily: 4, 7 & 10
Sun. Holidays: Matinees at 1-0
Plans open (box balcony) 10 to 12

12th TRIUMPHANT WEEK
MINERVA'S
Mammoth Hit
EK DIN KA SULTAN
Directed By: SOHRAB MODI
Starring: MEHTAB
Daily: 4, 7, 10: Sun. 1 p.m.
NEW WEST END

A SAGA OF LIFE!
EASTERN PICTURES
ZEENAT
Starring:
NOOR JEHAN
Directed by SHAUKAT HUSSAIN
Daily 4, 7, 10 Sun. 1 P. M.
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SUPER
A "Salma" Release

Friday 18th, Saturday 19th,
Sunday 20th.
Morning at 9-30 A.M.
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DEEWAR
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Royal Opera House

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THURSDAY, 17TH JAN.
AT 1 P. M.
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PARISTAAN
Starring: ANJALI DEVI
PAHARI SANYAL & others
Plans Open:
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DIWAN & MANJU
Daily 4, 7, 10. Plans Open
10 to 12, 4 to 6 P.M.
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4th RAMOLA WEEK!
TALWAR Productions'
ALBELI
Starring: RAMOLA
Daily 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 P. M.
CENTRAL

AIR SERVICE FOR KATHIAWAR

Indian Airways Concern May Sponsor The Scheme

RAJKOT, Jan. 14 ((A.P.I.)—The authorities controlling the Kathiawar State Railways, it is understood, have drawn up a plan for co-ordinating Railway and air services in the near future in Kathiawar.

Negotiations with a well-known Indian airways concern for implementing this scheme are already in progress, and if successful, people in Kathiawar will be able to fly to at second-class railway fare rates.

Khatau As Millowners' Chairman

BOMBAY, Monday.

The ballot for the election of the Chairman of the Association for the year 1946 has resulted in the election of Mr. Dharamsey Mulraj Khatau of the Khatau Makanji Spg. and Wvg. Co., Ltd. Mr. Dharamsey Mulraj Khatau was Deputy Chairman of the Association in 1936 and Chairman in 1937.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Members and their guests are invited to a meeting of the Group at Green's at 6-15 p m today when Mr. Bhulabhai Desai will speak on the Indian National Army. Mr. Desai will also be felicitated on behalf of the Group for his great and triumphant defence of the Officers of the I.N.A.

THE BOMBAY ART SOCIETY

Notice

All the members of the Society and the guests invited for the opening of the SOCIETY'S 55TH ANNUAL ART EXHIBITION are requested to note that the opening of the Exhibition will be on THURSDAY, THE 17th JANY. at 5-30 p. m.

****
COST ACCOUNTING
By N. SARKAR M.A., F.I.C.A., A.C.W.A., F.S.A.A., A.C.I.S., A.C.I.I., F.S.S.R.A., Lecturer, Calcutta University, Chief Accountant, Corporation of Calcutta and honorary Secretary, Indian Institute of Cost and Works accounts. Indispensable for every factory and Manufacturer. Just Published. Rs. 10-8.
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Pears Soap has been the choice of the great ladies—the great beauties—of India for over forty years. Its natural fragrance and silky lather place it apart from ordinary soaps.
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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Shud 13 2002
Muslim: Safar 10, 1365
Parsi: Amardad 14, 1315
Sunrise: 7-15 a.m., Sunset 6-22 p.m.
Hightide: 09-38, 23-10
Lowtide: 04-16, 16-04.

To-day's Engagements

BOMBAY SHROFFS (BANKERS) ASSOCIATION LTD.: It is hereby resolved that the members of the Association should close their Hundi and other business today on account of the protest against the proposed "Sales Tax."

BOMBAY BOOKSELLERS ASSOCIATION: Bombay Book Sellers' Association requests all book-sellers and the publishers to close their shops today in protest against Sales Tax.

TANKAR MANDAL: A public meeting to condole the death of late poet Nanalal will be held at 9 p m today at Laxminagar Hall, 10th Road, Khar, when Sjt. Samaldas Ganchi will preside.

BUREAU OF PUBLIC INFORMATION: The fourth half-yearly draw for prizes for the Government of India Five-Year Interest-free Prize Bonds, 1949, will be held at the Sundarbai Hall, Queen's Road, Bombay to-day at 11 a.m. The draw will be open to the public.

MAHABHARATA COMMITTEE: A meeting of the Mahabharata Committee will be held 9 am today at Shri Nagindas T. Master's Residence, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay.

GATHA SOCIETY MEETING: Today at Cama Oriental Institute Library Hall, Apollo St., Mr. S. N. Kanga will speak on "The Fundamental Teachings of Zoroastrianism."

AHRARS AND ELECTIONS: Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan the Ahrar candidate from Bombay Muhammadan North and the Suburbs will deliver a lecture at Jinnah Hall, at 6-30 p m today. The subject will be "The present political situation in Muslim India with special reference to the coming election." Mr. Joachim Alva the editor "Forum" will preside.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY EMPLOYEES ASSOCIATION: Propaganda meeting at 5-30 p m, today at Delisle Road Bridge Corner, Opp. B. B. and C. I. Ry. Workshop

FRIENDS' ASSOCIATION: Public Lecture. By Swami Satyadev Parivrajaq on Conflict of Culture between East and West' at Podar College (Dadar), at 8-45 p.m. today.

GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE: There will be a debate at the Grant Medical College at 4 p m today in the Anatomy Theatre on Euthanasia is a desirable practice Speakers will be from amongst the Honorary Staff of the G. M. College and J. J. Hospitals.

BOMBAY & SUBURBAN HOTEL KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION: The Secretary writes:—

My attention has been drawn to an announcement made by the BoBbay Sales Tax Protest Committee exhorting the Bombay businessmen to observe complete Hartal today Hotel Keepers are particularly requested to observe Hartal. This is likely to give rise some misunderstanding and hence I desire to make it clear to the Hotel Keepers and the general public that no such decision is taken up by my Association, though my Association fully agrees with the view expressed by the said Committee. The peculiar conditions obtaining in hotels on which more than 10 lakh people of Bombay are entirely dependent for their meals and refreshments, don't permit them to be closed to the public at such a short notice. And therefore I have to request the hotel keepers not to close down their establishments on that day as the same is likely to inconvenience the City's population. My Association has requested the Bombay Government not to impose the proposed Sales Tax.

PLEA TO SUPPORT LEAGUE CANDIDATE

Khan Bahadur Kadri's Tribute To Jinnah

BOMBAY, Monday.

Khan Bahadur Syed Kadri, presiding over a public meeting held under the auspices of the Anjuman-i-Hidayatul Muslimeen at Tamka Mohalla on Sunday night, paid tribute to the services of Mr. M. A. Jinnah for organizing the Muslims in a short period of seven years.

Mr. Hasan A. Shaikh, Hon. Secretary, Bombay Provincial Muslim League exhorted the audience to support the candidates finally selected by the Muslim League. He said that the Provincial Board, which consisted of prominent Muslim Leaguers of the Presidency, had selected the required number of applicants with the belief that those people who were in their opinion best suited to serve the Muslims in the legislatures.

KHER TO INAUGURATE

Karnatak Unification Conference In City

BOMBAY, Jan. 14: Mr. B. G. Kher, former Premier of Bombay, will preside over the tenth annual session of the Karnatak Unification Conference to be held in Bombay on January 19 and 20. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel was to have inaugurated the conference but as he will be away from Bombay during the week-end in connection with the meeting of the Congress Central Parliamentary Board, his speech will be read on the occasion.

Peace & Goodwill Meeting

Bombay witnessed an exceedingly pleasant and cosmopolitan gathering on the occasion of the "Peace and Goowill" function organised by the Nationalist Christian Party at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Bombay, on Saturday when Hindus, Muslims, Parsees, Sikhs, Anglo-Indians, Europeans and Indian Christians not only exchanged thoughts and ideas but poured out their hearts to each other.

Mr. J. S. S. Malelu, President of the Party, in a brief introductory speech explained the purport of the function, and Dr. Jos. Alban DeSouza, Mayor of Bombay, Mrs. Goshiben Captain, Sardar Teja Singh, Principal, Khalsa College, Mrs. J. MacLean, Messrs. Mahomedbhoy I. M. Rowjee, N. T. Master, and B. G. Kher addressed the gathering on the message of "Peace and Goodwill."

Prominent among those present were: Revs. L. Raymond, J. P. Ravade, and R. Lazarus, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, Lady Masani, Miss P. N. Nariman, Dr. and Mrs. J. Kumarappa, Dr. J. A. Collaco, Dr. U. M. Mascarenhas, Dr. George Coelho, Mr. U. M. Mirchandani, Municipal Commissioner, Captain Sisters, Mr. V. Tellis, President, Kanara Catholic Association, Mr. S. B. Tyebji, Mr. Mahomedbhoy I. M. Rowjee, Mr. and Mrs. J. Alwa, Mr. Abidali Jafferbhoy, Mr. D. A. Gomes, President, Kurla Municipality, Mr. N. Harris, Editor "Ajmal", Mr. Umashanker Dixit, Mr. Ormsby Mollier, Sardar Darbara Singh, Vice-Principal, Khalsa College, Mr. N. J. Patel, Director, Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Messrs. I. Fonseca, Henry D'Penha and others.

Prof. and Mrs. A. X. Lobo of Goan Folk Song Fame entertained the guests with delightful music and songs.

Mr. F. M. Pinto proposed a vote of thanks and the function terminated with the singing of 'Sare Jehan Se Achha Hindustan Hamara.'

PARLE-ANDHERI MUNICIPALITY

Rate Payers Protest Against Proposed Increase In Housetax

(From Our Correspondent).

VILE PARLE, Jan. 14.—The proposed increase in the house-tax in the Parle-Andheri Municipal area was the subject of severe criticism at the protest meeting held in Tilak Mandir at Vile Parle. The meeting was organised by about a dozen institutions headed by the Property Holders' Association when Mr. Pai presided over the meeting.

Mr. R. N. Mehta, Member of the Parle-Andheri Municipality, explained the reasons leading to the proposed tax. He said that the Municipality had done very little in tapping the new resources and the increasing cost of living was taxing the municipal finances to the utmost. Immediately on taking charge of the Municipality, the Board was faced with the problem of dearness allowance which was the heritage of the previous body. But they had safely gone through it. The increasing population of the suburbs had increased also the necessity of services. The development of the suburbs had a peculiarity in that its area was extending but the houses were far less and yielded in taxes in consequently less. They required about a lac and a quarter. This they proposed to secure by taxation and other methods such as Government grant. The taxation yield was proposed to be only about 50 per cent and the 50 per cent would be raised by other means.

Various speakers criticised the administration and complained that the tax-payers were not getting by way of amenities anything.

The resolution was passed overwhelmingly.

N. D. KAVI—GREAT POET OF GUJARAT

Vile Parle Pays Its Tribute

(From Our Correspondent).

VILE PARLE, Jan. 14.—The Vile Parle Sahitya Sabha held its condolence meeting at the sad demise of Kavishri Nanalal Dalpatram who was king amongst the Gujarati poets when Mr. D. K. Shastri occupied the chair.

Various speakers paid glowing tributes to great departed poet and said that Gujarat was poorer by his death It is an irreparable loss to the Gujarati literature.

FEDERAL COURT'S JURISDICTION

Question Of Enlargement Referred To Central Legislature

CUTTACK, Jan. 12 (A.P.I.): People's voice would prevail in the matter of enlarging the jurisdiction of the Federal Court, said Sir Patrick Spens, Chief Justice of the Federal Court of India, speaking at a reception given by the Cuttack Bar Association here yesterday.

Sir Patrick stated that diverse views had been received from different legal bodies and some business associations in India on the subject an it had been decided to refer the matter to the Central Legislature. Under present political situation in the country it would be probably wiser to wait for one or two years.

THEFT AT THE WILLINGDON CLUB

BOMBAY, Monday.

A theft of two diamond rings collectively valued at Rs. 15,500 was committed from the Lady's Cloak room at the Willingdon Sports Club on Saturday night.

It appears a lady member who had gone to the Club that evening, went to the cloak room and before washing her hands removed the two diamond rings and kept them on the edge of a water basin which she used. The lady then left the cloak room having the ornaments there. A little later when she remembered the rings she rushed to the cloak room but they were missing.

A complaint was lodged with the Agripada Police who after some inquiries yesterday put under arrest on suspicion, Soma Narayan the only male attendant present there when the ornaments were lost. Soma when questioned by the police could not give a satisfactory reply. He was placed before Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court today when he was ordered to be remanded to custody pending further police investigation.

Kidnapping Minor Boy From Calcutta Alleged

BOMBAY, Monday.

A case of kidnapping for strange reasons came to light in the Esplanade Court, to-day.

The Bombay police, on an order from the Calcutta police, arrested one Imail Sukani. He is alleged to have kidnapped a 12-year old boy from Calcutta and eloped with him to Bombay.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail and the boy was sent to the Children's Home.

Non-Production Of Exhibits

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Lokur)

Damaji Dharamji .... Petitioners
and others (Original Accused)
vs.
Imperator ..... Opponent

This was a revision application from the conviction and sentence of two months' rigorous imprisonment under Section 43 (1) (a), (b) and (h) of the Bombay Abkari Act, passed on each of the four petitioners on 17th December last by the Presidency Magistrate, Kurla, for manufacturing illicit liquor in contravention of that Act.

On 18th December 1944, the police had raided an open place near a quarry at Mahour where it was alleged that the petitioners were found working a still. Two of the petitioners were found carrying kegs containing four gallons of hot illicit liquor. Articles were seized and the petitioners were arrested and originally put up for trial before the First Class Resident Magistrate at Bandra. On the introduction of the Greater Bombay Scheme the case was transferred to the Court of the Presidency Magistrate at Kurla, but before it was so transferred some of the articles seized were destroyed and others sold under the order of the Magistrate at Bandra because there was no room to keep these articles until the case was disposed of. The defence of the petitioners was that they were not operating the still and had nothing to do with the articles seized, but were passing by when the police arrested them.

Aggrieved by the conviction, the petitioners applied to the High Court in revision 'inter alia' on the ground that the Presidency Magistrate at Kurla had acted with material irregularity in proceeding with the trial without the incriminating articles being produced before him.

Their Lordships admitted the revision application which will now come up for hearing in due course and granted bail till then.

Mr. K. P. Karnik appeared for the petitioners.

Applications For Overseas Scholarships

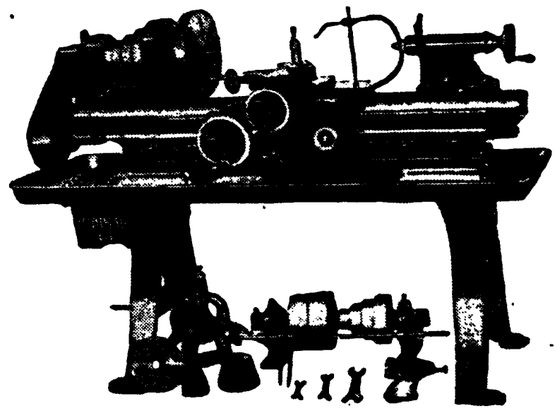
Applications for Overseas Studies and Scholarships and references connected therewith should in future be addressed to New Delhi, as also all communications intended for the Department of Education, Government of India, as the whole of the Department has now been located in New Delhi.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1
TUESDAY, Jan. 15.

8-0 a m News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 S Jafar Qawwal 8-45 Master Ibrahim 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Programme Parade 9-5 Moghubai Kurdikar 9-45 Hindustani Selections 12-30 pm Bhavgeeten 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Selections 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 2-30 Break for Lunch 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 V K Atre 5-20 Mohammad Khan Desai 5-45 Topical Talk 5-55 Locals 6-0 For the Forces 6-30 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 B K Atre 7-15 S Jafar Qawwal 7-30 Moghubai Kurdikar 8-0 Nava Lekhan 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Master Gordhan 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B B C News Relay 9-40 Dhun 9-45 The Indian Dance 10-0 Branco Bratich. 10-10 Interlude 10-15 Kaye Grant: 10-25 Interlude 10-30 George Lester (Violoncello) 10-50 The London Philharmonic Orchestra.

PRECISION LATHE for ACCURATE OPERATIONS



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The Chinese genius for a regulated conduct of human life was epitomised in the great Analects of Confucius. Thanks to the early invention of paper in that country, for more than two thousand years his Code on good life was read and emulated by a larger number of human beings than any other secular document.

Before society can be freed from the fear of want—Confucius' last stage on the road to civilization—better human relations will have to be established and new codes framed: framed, printed and circulated on paper, greatest of civilizing agencies.

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Jan 14. (API:)

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st November 1945 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours I S T on 14 January 1946:—

Abu 76 54 0 0 minus 0.4 Ahmedabad 89 57 0 0 minus 0.2 Ahmednagar 86 46 0 0.3 minus 1.2 Baroda 92 49 0 0 Nil Belgaum 83 55 0 0.4 minus 1.5 BOMBAY 90 66 0 0.4 minus 0.3 Colombo 87 72 0 9.3 minus 10.5 Darjeeling 59 37 0 0.1 minus 1.1 Dehra Dun Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Delhi 81 45 0 0 minus 0.8 Hyderabad (Dn) 86 47 0 0.1 minus 1.5 Hyderabad (Sd.) 78 49 0 0 minus 0.2 Kodaikanal 63 0 10.5 minus 7.1 Mahableshwar 75 57 0 0 minus 1.9 Poona 87 45 0 0 minus 1.3 Simla 60 45 0 0.1 minus 2.4 Srinagar 39 33 T 0.4 minus 2.9 Surat 95 58 0 0 minus 0.5.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Your idol is shattered in the dust to prove that Gods' dust is greater than your idol.

—Rabindranath Tagore.

The Bombay Chronicle

PUBLISH THE REPORT

India continues to enjoy the unique "honour" of registering practically the highest rate of infant mortality in the world—thanks to the benign "Pax Britannica"! Statistics compiled by the League of Nations' Economic and Financial Department show that during the first three years of the war, while most of the countries of Europe and America, save Germany and Italy, recorded a decline in the death-rate, India, which has a normal infantile death-rate, that is, nearly three times the rates of most of these countries, registered an increase from 156 (per thousand) in 1939 to 163 in 1942. This unenviable record was exceeded only by Chile, where the rate rose from 225 in 1939 to 294 in 1943. In the United Kingdom the decline registered between 1939 and 1943 was from 54 to 52, in Denmark from 58 to 45, in Belgium from 73 to 67, in Switzerland from 43 to 40, in Australia from 38 to 36, in the Union of South Africa from 49 to 40, in Canada from 61 to 54 and in the United States from 48 to 40. In France the rate went up from 63 in 1939 to 91 in 1940, dropped to 71 in 1942 and increased again to 75 in 1943. The Italian rate rose from 97 in 1939 to 108 in 1942, while in "greater" Germany it rose from 62 in 1939 to 72 in 1943. In Ceylon the rate dropped from 166 in 1939 to 132 in 1943. The statistics for China as well as Japan were not available—for obvious reasons.

The reasons for India's "world record" in infant mortality are not hard to seek. The appalling poverty and illiteracy in which the masses of the people of this country are sunk—thanks again to the benign "Pax Britannica"!—form ideal breeding grounds for the infantile mortality "germ". Equally favourable to the growth of the "germ" are the prevailing conditions of the milk supply in this country—a supply which plays a vital part in infant life—and infant mortality, too! Only the other day, Mr. R. A. Pepperall of the British Milk Marketing Board, who made an investigation of the Indian dairy industry for the Government of India last year, disclosed to a British audience the "stark truth" that "one person in six of the vast Indian population got no milk "or milk products", and that "the remaining five received the article which was highly contaminated and quite unsafe unless boiled before use". He also ventured the opinion that "London's sewage is three times as safe as the Bombay milk supply". What the City Fathers—and City Mothers—of "Urbs Prima in Indis" ("sic"), think of this high tribute to their sense of civic responsibility, has not been made known by any of them, though they had an opportunity a few days later, during the budget debate, to express their views on it. The Bombay Municipality has done precious little all these years to put an end to the scandal of the vitiated milk supply of the city. As we observed the other day, the prosecutions launched occasionally against vendors of adulterated milk are mere make-believe, for, as against the score that are hauled up, hundreds if not thousands, go scot-free, either because of lack of vigilance or actual connivance of offence on the part of the municipal staff. An idea of the extent to which the evil of adulteration has spread in the city may be had from a single case which came before a magistrate the other day. The milk was found to be deficient in fat to the extent of asmuch as 80 p.c.! Unadulterated milk has become as rare as the "dodo" in the city.

Is it any wonder, that in the face of such scandalous conditions, infantile mortality should remain at such a terribly high level in this country as is disclosed in the Bulletin of the League of Nations' Economic and Financial Department? And how are the Central and Provincial Governments discharging their duty in safeguarding the health of the people? Their sense of duty towards the people is evidenced by the complaint made by Mr. Pepperall that the report submitted by him to the Government of India twelve months ago has not yet been allowed to see the light of day and may be pigeon-holed like so many other reports which are unpalatable to the authorities in this country. The public of India have a right to demand why the Central Government is keeping back the report from them—report on a subject which is of vital concern to them, and a report, moreover, to secure which a good amount of the taxpayers' monies were spent? They would like to know in detail all the recommendations this British expert has made for the improvement of India's dairy industry and milk-supply. The Government of India should publish the report without any further delay.

Unforgettable Chapter

Three books have recently been published which throw a vivid light on the work of the Provisional Government of Azad Hind and the exploits of the Azad Hind Fauj (Indian National Army). These are the three books: (1) "Jai Hind". The Diary of a rebel daughter of India with the Rani of Jhansi Regiment (Published by Janmabhomi, Prakashan Mandir Bombay 1 Price Rs. 5) (2) The Story of I. N. A. by Kusum Nair (Padma Publications Ltd. Price Re 1/8) (3) I. N. A. Defence (Published by I. N. A. Defence Committee 82 Daryaganj, Delhi Price Re 1/4). The first book, which is profusely illustrated is the diary of an Indian woman whose husband as a member of the Indian National Army died for India. This diary, which she wrote regularly, gives a vivid account of the stirring events since Malaya was captured by the Japanese, of the formation of the Indian Independence League, the Provisional Government of Azad Hind and the Indian National Army and of the work done by the latter. The diary also gives expression to the thoughts and feelings that stirred the minds and hearts respectively of Indians in Malaya and other Japanese occupied countries and as such is a document of great human value. Of Mrs. Kusum Nair's little book Mr. Yusuf Meherally, who writes the introduction, rightly says: "In this moving little book Kusum Nair unfolds before us the story of the Indian National Army—a thrilling story, simply and effectively told. Reading the book, one feels like looking at a documentary film" The third book is a record of the historial trial of Capt. Shah Nawaz and his two brother officers, of which, of course, the *piece de resistance* is the masterly defence address of Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai. Dr. K. N. Katju, who writes an introduction to this book, says of this address that it was definitely "the first argument delivered before a tribunal which endeavoured to justify in point of law, both international and Municipal, the right of the Indian people to wage a war for the liberation of their country from foreign bondage." These three books are the forerunners of many others which will be written in the future about events which will constitute an unforgettable chapter in the glorious annals of India's history.

A Loyalist's Confession

An Indonesian, introduced by the Hilversum Radio in Holland to the world as "a well-known expert on Indonesian affairs" has sent an open letter to Queen Wilhelmina which letter has been broadcast by the aforesaid radio. Mr. Slavet, the gentleman in question, wails that his "people are still suffering under the nailed fist of misled youth and under the egotism of so-called leaders, who were traitors in the days of affliction". He, of course, means the present Indonesian leaders. And he further complains that he himself had been detained by Indonesian youths. Mr. Slavet appeals to Her Majesty direct to "help my people in their great affliction" by sending out to Indonesia men "with broad vision and great courage to act speedily in the present confusion". Unless we do the loyal Mr. Slavet a great injustice, he represents a type with which we in India are very familiar. But the point to note in Mr. Slavet's appeal is that he wants the Queen "to restore a free Indonesian community" because even "the most loyal of Indonesians does not desire a return to post-war conditions". This confession is significant because it constitutes one of the best proofs of the fact that Indonesia has changed. Mr. Slavet has vindicated the Republican movements and also the leaders whom he condemns.

Frankly Speaking

Deplorable

The enthusiastic followers of Mr. Jinnah, could have behaved better after he had left the meeting which he addressed under the auspices of the Punjab Muslim Students' Federation, and when Allama Mashriqi gratuitously took possession of the platform. It was deplorable the way they humiliated and manhandled the Khaksar leader who had to take refuge in the college hall where he lay unconscious for sometime. Having said that, we must emphasise that no sensible and impartial person can possibly congratulate the Allama on his own behavour. There can be no objection to his having gone, shaken hands with Mr. Jinnah and sat down to listen quietly to the latter but there was neither sense nor the least justification in trying to address a specifically League meeting after permission to do so had been refused. This kind of hunting after publicity is also extremely deplorable.

Dark Beginnings

So far it is only the fears of sceptics as regards the future of UNO that show signs of coming true. From the very first day the proceedings and activities in London of Big international statesmen have been inspired by suspicion, selfishness and strategical manoeuvrings for points of vantage. The election of a President for the Assembly split the Big Three. So did elections to the non-permanent seats on the vital Security Council. And all this happened publicly. It could not but happen. For, the Big Powers, protesting solidarity and the urgent need for it, actively distrust one another. The distrust is natural, too, because each has its own immediate objectives designed to serve its own ends some of which are inevitably in conflict with those of others. But this very fact produces further conflicts and rivalries. We are, today witnessing the dark beginnings. Darker developments are bound to follow as the UNO and subsidiaries allegedly "progress" through their various jobs, unless the Big Three realise—each of them and not any one particular Big Power—where they are leading the UNO and the world by their individualism. It is an inescapable corollary of the truth about peace being indivisible that international obligations are also indivisible.

Glancy's Failure

We must condemn the attitude of the Punjab Governor, Sir Bertrand Glancy, in declining to receive a Muslim League deputation which wanted to discuss with him the allegations and complaints against the administrative machinery in connection with the elections in the Punjab. The question is irrelevant as to whether or not Sir Bertrand is personally involved in the controversy or whether or not Muslim League leaders, including Mr. Jinnah, are justified in making personal attacks on the Governor. The duty of the Governor was clear. Advised, as a report says, by members of the British Parliamentary Delegation, the Punjab Muslim League leaders chose for the ventilation of their grievances, justified or not, the way of a deputation to the Governor. The point is less important that the League leaders were advised by the British M.P.'s and that, therefore, the Governor was discourteous to the latter. What is more important, he failed in a Governor's duty which was to listen to grievances even though they might have been essentially directed against himself.

Remove The Anomaly

The Government of Bombay has announced the extension of educational concessions now enjoyed by members of the Scheduled class to Scheduled class converts to Christianity. It is not proposed, says the official press note, to reclassify the community as a whole, but individuals certified by a Collector or Backward Class officer will be held eligible to compete for all educational concessions provided by Government for the Scheduled classes. While it is but fair that members of the Scheduled Class, who may be deserving of educational concessions on account of their backward condition, should not be penalised because of their conversion to another faith, it is pertinent to enquire why only converts to Christianity should be entitled to benefit by the new concessions—and not converts to other faiths like Islam, Sikhism and so on. It will not be contended that such conversions are rare. Deserving applicants from among the Scheduled classes, irrespective of the faith they profess, should be entitled to the concessions granted by Government. We trust steps will be taken by the Government to do away with the anomaly.

Wanted Information

In view of the seriousness of the allegations made in the "New Leader" of London by Mr. Y. K. Menon, who is stated to be a Congress Socialist, regarding the arrest and secret detention in India of fifteen members of the Afghan Royal House, including several women and children either the Secretary of State for India or the External Affairs Department of the Government of India should come forward with a correct statement of the reasons for and the circumstances attending their arrest and detention even after the cessation of hostilities in Europe as well as the Far East. If it is true, as Mr. Menon alleges, that the methods adopted to inveigle them into India were not above board, the greater the reason why the Government of India should set them at liberty forthwith. This is apart from the question as to right, constitutional as well as moral, of the Government to put them under arrest and keep them in detention at the suggestion of the Afghan Government. The sooner the Government of India washes its hands of the unpleasant business the better.

Bhopal Reforms

Following the example of some of the more progressive among the rulers of Indian states, His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal has announced his intention of initiating measures for a closer and fuller association of the people of the state with the administration. He has given a broad outline of his plans, which include extended franchise and an elected majority in the legislatures, consultative committees of elected members of the legislative council who will advise the Government department in matters of administration and a public services Commission for the selection of candidates for appointment to the Government services. Until one knows if the Ministers will be responsible to the legislature, and in what exact manner the basis of the franchise is to be widened as also whether the so-called elected majority in the legislature will be an effective one or remain merely a nominal one, as in most of 'reformed' legislative councils lately set up in Indian States, it will not be possible to say whether the subjects of Bhopal will enthuse over the proposed constitutional reforms. It is to be sincerely hoped that His Highness, as the acknowledged leader of the Chamber of Princes, will note the signs of the times aright and taking courage in his hands will inaugurate a truly democratic regime in his State. Nothing less than responsible Government, a demand unanimously voiced by the States Peoples' representatives at the All-India Conference recently held will satisfy his people and the Nawab should boldly concede and lead the way to his brother Princes all over India.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Wanted Explanation"

The Public Relations Officer (Rationing) Bombay writes:—

Your editorial comments in the issue of the 'Bombay Chronicle' dated 12th January 1946 on the recent amendment of the Regulations relating to the preparation and sale of wheat bread in the city and the suburban rationing area seem to be based on a misapprehension of the situation.

At the outset, I might explain that the change is not, as you suggest, due 'to the clamour of a coterie belonging to fashionable society." The record of the Food Department of the Government of Bombay over the last 3 years is itself an answer to any such criticism. Incidentally I may be permitted to observe that although controversy regarding the quality of Bombay's loaf has been going on for the last 3 months, I do not remember to have seen any expression of views on so important a question in your journal.

Government have all along held the view you express that wholemeal bread is more nutritive than white bread. At the same time, in view of complaints about the palatability and keeping quality of the bread it seemed necessary to make an exhaustive enquiry into the process of bread making with a view to finding out how Bombay's bread could be improved without using up additional supplies of wheat.

The enquiry revealed that an increase in the percentage of bran extraction from 10 to 15 per cent would, without any additional supplies of wheat, enable more palatable bread of the same weight to be manufactured. Accordingly after prolonged consideration in the Standing Committee of the Food Advisory Council and the Food Advisory Council it was decided to supply flour of 85 per cent instead of 90 per cent bran extraction to bakers and other consumers from the first Ration Week in January 1946. In the British Medical Journal of 3rd November 1945 Lord Horder is reported to have said in the House of Lords "The 85 per cent bread had been recommended all through the war as an optimum loaf by the Medical Research Council."

The rise in the price of bread and other wheat products has not been due to the higher extraction of bran from wheat. This rise was consequent upon an increase in the pool price of imported wheat which forms the bulk of this Province's wheat quota.

Subhas Bose's Birthday Celebration

Recently some political leaders of the country have decided to celebrate Netaji Subhas Chandra Bosee's birthday anniversary on the 23rd January next But it is not known how and where it will be celebrated. I presume the programme will include meetings and processions throughout the country.

May I, through your much-esteemed journal, offer an humble suggestion to the organisers of Netaji's birthday anniversary celebrations? Some film company took pictures of Haripura session of the National Congress which was held under Netaji's presidentship in 1938. Will the organisers please appeal to the producers of that film and also to the Indian cinema houses to exhibit that film from the 23rd January to the Independence Day?

Reports as to whether Netaji is still living or is already dead beyond resurrection contradict one another in quick succession. In the midst of such a bewildering confusion, let his countrymen see how at Haripura he declared: "Ours is a struggle not only against British Imperialism—but against world imperialism as well which the former is the keystone We are, therefore, fighting not for the cause of India alone, but of humanity as well India freed means humanity saved."

A film was also taken when Gurudeva Rabindranath on being invited by Netaji, laid the foundation-stone of the Mahajati Sadan at Calcutta. This one also must be shown along with the one suggested above. I do not know if there is any other film depicting any other phase of Netaji's activities. Any one knowing of any such film should kindly inform the public about it.

It is yet wholly uncertain as to whether Netaji is really dead or if that Messiah of Freedom is still working for the liberation of his downtrodden countrymen and will reappear once again at the right moment. Meanwhile on the auspicious occasion of Netaji's birthday anniversary, let the organisers make available to the public all such pictures where Netaji is seen talking, walking, and working in a lifelike way. And, it is perhaps unnecessary to add that the proceeds of the show should go to the INA Relief Fund.

—SETHJI.

January 5.

A Rejoinder To Mr. Husainbhai

In a statement to the Associated Press of India, Mr. Husainbhai Abdulabhai Lalji has asked the Musalmans in general and the Shias in particular to desist from joining the rejoicings on the 11th of January as asked by "The Leader of the Muslim League" on the ground that these rejoicings occur before the chehlum (the 40th day ceremony) of Hazrat Imam Hussain's martyrdom. The ground is very flimsy indeed and it has nothing to do with Islam or Islamic teachings. The 40th day ceremony has nowhere been enjoined by Islam and as such it is nothing short of sacrilege to say in the name of Islam that the Mussalmans should not indulge in rejoicings before the chehlum. Mr. Hussainbhai wants somehow to have a dig at Mr. Jinnah. But this is not the way to do it. Further, Mr. Hussainbai refers to 'Saiyads' as if they are a class by themselves. So far as Islam is concerned, such differentiation is not recognised by it. They are just like other Mussalmans and that is all.

Bombay Jan. 12.

A MUSLIM.

More Loans & Less Inflation

BLACK MONEY BEING DISGORGED; RACKETEERS IN PANIC; PUBLIC WELCOME CURRENCY ORDINANCE

After the first rude shock of the two currency ordinances issued on Saturday, the business fraternity in the city tended to come back to normal on Monday and try to examine the exact implication of the two measures.

On their face value the two ordinances appear to be the crusade of the Finance Department against currency hoarders, the tax evaders and the holders of ill-gotten wealth. 'Serve them right' was the typical reaction of the man in the street. But the most diligent search fails to disclose who exactly has been hit by the ordinance. It is still an elusive class and nobody wants publicly to own up that he has bundles of high denomination notes locked up in his bank vault.

It is surmised that the most criminal of the holders, those who in no case could dare to face the Government will have to reconcile themselves to tearing up their bundles of notes. There is, however, another category which will try desperately to prove to the Government that they came into possession of the notes, by fair means and having proved their bona fides will pay up income-tax and gather what remains.

No Validity Issue

In this connection the suggestion that has been made in certain quarters that the ordinance may not be valid because it affects the negotiability of the notes is discounted. It is pointed out that under the ordinance there is no question of the negotiability of the notes being affected. It is a normal procedure of demonitising a certain category of currency. Only the Government has taken power to ask certain questions from the holders, as a means of checking clandestine transaction and tax evading. A man who has come by his money honestly has nothing to fear. Even in the case of the man who cannot satisfactorily answer the twenty questions in the form he has to fill, the Banks do not refuse him payment. The only thing is that the Government will acquire information on the basis of which they can make further inquiries to take action against him under the existing laws.

It would seem that the Government acted very secretly and the blow came when it was least expected in the city. The measures were no doubt very drastic and swift for the understanding of an ordinary businessman. He could not grasp the full effect of it at once. For a time they were bewildered, but soon most genuine traders picked up courage to switch back to normal.

Worst Sufferer

The Bombay Bullion Exchange which thrives mainly on black market money seems to have suffered the most. On Saturday an enormous demand for gold developed. Black money was rapidly converted into gold irrespective of purchase price. Under the present government design, forward business in the Bullion market which virtually amounts to a weekly settlement had to be closed down. The custodians of the market are in constant conference and have fixed up maximum and minimum prices to square up all outstanding forward business. This decision is strongly opposed by a section and it insists on its right to deliver both gold and silver which they hold in the form of 'Budla' transactions.

The cotton market which was free from the influence of inflation recorded a small decline at the opening on Monday and partly recovered in subsequent trading.

The Bombay Stock Exchange displayed considerable nervousness and the market opened at substantial declines as compared with Friday's closing quotations. There was moderate replacement covering in scrips which were free from active manipulation of Black market money. Some of the scrips which were nearly cornered and pushed up to dizzy heights, will have to correct this position.

It appears the Calcutta Stock Exchange will have to suffer considerably as some of these favourite scrips such as Indian Irons will have now to face the realities as they will not be supported by black marketeers any more. Similarly the Punjab and some of the Indian States where black market money has found a comfortable home will have to clear up their position. The applicability and effect of the ordinances in the Indian states is undefined.

It is only in British India that people with hoarded wealth find themselves trapped. All over the city there were stories current that high denomination notes were being sold at discount. But it does not seem so quite easy to buy them. Both buyers and sellers were active, underground, if at all but not openly.

There are two comments heard against the Government. One is that the Government did not care to take drastic steps against the rampant black market all these years. And the present measure is more a money getting device than one designed directly for the benefit of the consumer.

The second is that the sudden action of the Government in closing banks for two days with a Sunday sandwitched in between without notice caused considerable difficulties to bona fide businessmen. Coming as it did at a time when banking habits were being gradually picked up by large numbers of people even in the interior, this step tended to affect their confidence.

Salutary Results

Two results are expected to flow from these measures. With the black market mess cleared up there will be a steady return of all money into active circulation. Banks will have more money in their accounts and will naturally seek avenues of investment. This will enable the Government to float loans even at lower rates of interest to finance large scale development plans.

Secondly with more of the hoarded money in active circulation, it will be possible for money to considerably reduce the rate of production of fresh money if not to stop the inflationary process altogether.

On a fair budgetting of the pros and cons, the effect of the two ordinances are generally pronounced to be salutary and welcome.

RIVAL LEAGUERS FALL OUT

Nazimuddin's Meeting Abandoned

SIBSAGAR (Assam) Jan. 13 (A. P. I.): A public meeting of the Muslims of Sibsagar, which was to have been addressed by Sir Nazimuddin, former Premier of Bengal, had to be abandoned owing to a fracas between two rival groups in the audience.

The trouble arose, it is stated, over the removal of a flag of the Assam Valley Muslim League, a newly-formed organisation as opposed to the official Muslim League. In the melee that ensued volunteers of opposing partics attacked one another with blows and fists.

As this state of affairs continued for some time, the local S.D.O., Mr. D. R. Kohli, I.C.S., arrived on the spot with a posse of armed police and ordered the crowd to disperse immediately. The meeting having been abandoned Sir Nizamuddin and party left for Nazira 'en route' to Bengal.

Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. has since been promulgated within the Municipal area prohibiting all meetings and processions without the permission of the S. D. O.

6 Harijan Congress Candidates For Orissa Assembly

CUTTACK, Jan. 13 (A.P.I.): The Orissa Provincial Congress Working Committee today selected six candidates for being recommended to the Central Parliamentary Board for adoption as Congress candidates on the Scheduled Caste constituencies of the Province.

They are: For East Jaipur R. Santankumar Das; for North Cuttack, Sadar, Mr. Annucharandas; for West Bhadrak, Mr. Brundabanchandradas; for Saka-Surada, Mr. Iswarnaik; for East Bargarh Mr. Bisiganda; and for North Puri, Sadar. Mr. Purnachandrasamal. To represent the backward tribes from the Sambalpur Sadar constituency Mr. Mohansingh has been selected.

According to the provisional programme of the Government nominations of Scheduled Caste candidates should be filed on or before Jan. 31 and the primary elections have been fixed for the middle of February.

Sales Tax Protest Committee

The Committee of trade associations and merchants of Bombay organised for protesting against the proposed Sales Tax appeals to those who are not yet members of the Protest Committee to join up at once. The address of the Committee is 13 Bhangwadi, Kalbadevi Road.

(Continued from Col. 7)

essays, touching subjects philosophical, cultural, sociological and political, his appeal was to the heart rather than to the head. His approach, outlook and attitude were always those of a poet, a poet who worshipped only at the shrine of Love and Beauty.

He, in one of his poems, cries out "who would worship only Simplicity?" At least he never did. He never talked or sang but in metaphors and similes. Like Keats he believed that 'a thing of beauty is a joy for ever.' And, hence, he did not care if sense was sacrificed on the altar of rhythm and beauty nor did he mind if sometimes he became verbose and vague if he was able to maintain unimpaired the rhythm of his diction.

He has written a number of dramas which have become very popular. But being essentially a subjective writer he has given no plays which are more poetic than dramatic. He is never a realist and finds his true art only when he soars in the sky. Like a skylark, he seldom touches the mother earth, as his natural abode is far, far above in the clouds. And, naturally, his immense fame and popularity depend much on his lyrical poems, specially "Ras" and "Garbis" which are gems of rare merit, matchless and unsurpassed in their rhythm, beauty, charm, elegance and grace.

May his soul find, in the Elysian fields, that eternal beauty and love of which he was such a supreme singer on this earth and everlasting peace which we, all mortals, hanker after!

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

GAUHATI, Jan. 12.

Mr. Fakhruddin Ali Ahmad, (Congress) ex-Minister of Assam, who is out on election tour, was assaulted on Friday by some unknown persons at Rangapani near Abhoykori, according to report just received here.

—A. P. I.

* * *

Apropos of certain incidents during '42 in a Chittagong village, Maulana Azad says: "It seems almost unbelievable that members of a Civil Pioneer Corps can, in broad daylight, attack peaceful citizens, burn whole villages outright and commit other atrocities with impunity....."

Quite right Sir. Only "almost."

* * *

After a visit to the Lahore Jail, Mr. Sorensen has found that prison cells here are more spacious than in England.

We agree. Here very little space is wasted to er—er—unnecessary furniture.

* * *

The members of the Parliamentary Delegation were supplied with a memorandum containing the alleged maltreatment meted out to the Forward Bloc Leader, Sardar Sardul Singh, now lodged in Dharamsala jail.

Further developments, however, are not expected.

* * *

The Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee Parliamentary Board has selected 62 candidates for general Maharashtra seats in the Bombay Assembly.

There won't, however, be 124 appeals or even 62, so utterly dead Congressmen are to the inner urge to serve the country in the "battle of elections."

* * *

Denouncing Sir Bertram Glancy, Mr. Jinnah declared at Lahore, that the present Governor of the Punjab by his acts of commission and omission had done the greatest harm to the cause of British imperialism in India.

So that is why, Mr. Jinnah is so very annoyed is he?

* * *

The Punjab Governor having, as it were passed it on to the Election Commissioner the Muslim League Deputation has decided not to approach the latter because he was only a "subservient authority."

It is probably on this ground that Glancy didn't meet the deputation, regarding its members as subservient authorities to the Qaid-e-Azam who has already pronounced judgment on the Punjab Governor.

* * *

"India has been allotted 2 per cent as her share of the total German reparations"—New Delhi Report.

Splendid. There is distinction in bringing up the rear, too.

* * *

"The Russians are hopeful but not starry-eyed so far as U.N.O. is concerned"—Reuter's Moscow Report.

The Russians have quite good reasons to be and not to be.

KAVI NANALAL

Greatest Modern Poet Of Gujarat

(BY J. H. D.)

Mr. Nanalal Dalpatram Kavi, the greatest of the modern poets and one of the greatest poets of all times of Gujarat breathed his last at Wadilal Sarabhai Hospital, Ahmedabad, at about eleven o'clock on Wednesday the 9th instant, at the ripe age of 70 years and with him passed away the presiding deity of a great period of the Gujarati Literature.

In 1903, his first book "Ketlank Kavyo" (some songs) was published and with its publication, the poet who was in his 27th year, found himself famous overnight, like the great English poet Byron. In 1905, he published his long poem "Vasantotsava" (Festival of Spring), in which, the poet, while burning incense at the altar of Love and Beauty, turned into a literary rebel and tried to shake off the time-worn shackles of metrical verse. He adopted a new mode of writing which came to be known by the name of "Apadyagadya" (that is neither prose nor poetry) which created quite a furore in the field of Gujarati literature. Many fiery battles were fought on the issue of this new style and a number of young poets tried to woo the muse with their songs garbed in this new style of the great poet. The style was very easy to imitate and the very easiness was instrumental in bringing their downfall. None of them could achieve that serenity and grandeur which Nanalal and Nanalal alone could do; and after a time the only exponent of this style was the originator himself who, though a master of metrical versification, off and on, in his long life, composed songs and poems in this new style.

VOLUMINOUS WRITER

During his span of life of three score and ten years, the great poet wrote voluminously and vigorously and his last work was going to be a great epic of 60,000 verses called "Hari-Sanhita" and of this stupendous work, the poet, at the time of his death due to heart failure, had already composed 12,000 verses! He tried his hand at every possible form of literature and books after books came from his pen with a bewildering speed and amazing regularity containing essays, dramas, short stories, novel, criticisms, biography and, of course, poems and still more poems. His publications so far, number about 70 and yet, at the time of his death, the poet was, by no means, an exhausted force.

FIRST & LAST A POET

In spite of this stupendous output, Nanalal was, first and last, a poet, a poet in the true sense of the word. Almost all the critics of Gujarat have acclaimed him as the greatest Gujarati poet of the modern age, which includes such great poets as B. K. Thakore, Manishanker Ratnaji Bhatt, Khabardar and others. Even amongst ancient giants, only Premanand and Dayaram can stand up to him in comparison. Even when he wrote on serious and prosaic subjects or critical

(Continued in Col. 6).

Sixty Eventful Years Of Spiritual Reign

STAGE SET FOR AGA KHAN'S DIAMOND JUBILEE CELEBRATIONS

BOMBAY, Monday.

On the morning of March 10, 1946 the spacious Brabourne Stadium will by the scene of a gorgeous event without parallel in history, when the 69-year-old spiritual head and Uncrowned King of the Ismaili Community and great patriot and statesman, His Highness Aga Sir Sultan Mahomed Shah, the Aga Khan, will be weighed against diamonds by his followers in commemoration of his 60 years of spiritual leadership and as a mark of their high regard for his achievements.

Elaborate preparations are being made for the celebration.

FOR UPLIFT OF FOLLOWERS

Mr. M. A. Fazalbhoy, at a Press conference at the Taj Mahal Hotel this afternoon stated that proceeds of the sale of diamonds in which H H. the Aga Khan will be weighed will be given for the economic and social uplift of his followers.

For the benefit of the followers of His Highness in Africa and other far-off places, the jubilee ceremony will be repeatd at Dar-es-Salam in East Africa on August 17.

The diamonds will be displayed in Bombay in a plastic glass case to the public before the weighing.

It is expected that the cost of diamonds for weighing the Aga Khan in Bombay and Africa would be about Rs. one crore and twenty lakhs. The Aga Khan weighs 240 lbs.

Arrangements will be made to accommodate 40,000 persons in the Brabourne Stadium.

60 EVENTFUL YEARS

His Highness, who, as a direct descendant of the Holy Prophet through a line of illustrious ancestors, ascended the gadi of Imams in Bombay at the tender age of 8 on the untimely death of his father, completed 60 years of his spiritual reign over the Ismaili community in August last.

During these 60 eventful years, he has become a world figure of great renown and influence.

WEIGHED IN GOLD

It may recalled that, in 1936, His Highness was weighed against gold, which he magnanimously handed over to his community for intensive uplift work among "my spiritual children".

Because of the difficulty of accommodation, the ceremony will be open only to members of the Legion, which embraces almost all the followers of His Highness in India, and to some distinguished invitees, though, arrangements will be made for the wider public to follow the event through loudspeakers and running commentaries on the radio.

GIANT SCALES

A giant pair of specially prepared scales will be set up on a platform at the centre of the Stadium, where a canopy will be erected to keep off the sun. Prominent members of the Legion, princely and foreign representatives, eminent publicmen and officials will be seated there, while the rest will be accommodated on the regular Stadium seats.

Apart from the weighing, which in itself marks a spiritual event of great significance to the Ismaili community, there will be no other religious ceremony on the spot, though there will be a brief programme of speeches and presentation of Nazarana (valuable gifts) to His Highness.

The celebrations within the community are expected to last for a week, from March 5 to 11, to be called the Diamond Jubilee Week, when there will be conferences, exhibitions, processions and illuminations in various parts of the city. The actual weighing will take place on the 10th, which day and the one previous to it will be observed as complete holidays by the community.

The preparations for the occasion are going on at a brisk speed, and the diamonds, which are genuine uncut ones, will be arriving in time for the function.

These diamonds have been secured from a diamond syndicate through the good offices of the British and Indian Governments, and will be brought to India in transparent and bullet proof plastic containers by ship or by chartered plane under a special escort.

Along with these uncut diamonds worth about Rs. 30 lakhs, which will be kept by members of the community as souvenirs of the Jubilee.

To accommodate large number of visitors from outside, a veritable city of tents will be built on a convenient site, where all possible facilities and comforts will be made available to the guests. This city will bear the name of Jubilee Abad.

ARRIVALS EXPECTED

In time for the jubilee celebrations, will arrive the 36-year-old Prince Ali Khan, the eldest son of His Highness who is now in Europe, and his wife, Princess Taj-u-Daula; the 13-year-old Prince Sadruddin the second son of His Highness; and the Princes Karim Aga and Amin Mahmud, His Highness's grandchildren.

According to present plans, the entire funds collected by the Legion for the jubilee, after deducting the necessary expenses, would be settled on trusts for the uplift of the followers of His Highness in India.

QUIT ORDER ON RANGOON EDITOR

RANGOON, Jan. 14. (A.P.I.). Mr. Kannan Pillay, editor "Rasika Ranjini" was served with notice by the Commissioner of Police under Rule 26 of the Defence of Burma Rules directing him to remove himself from and not return to Burma.

Mr. Pillay who left for Sigapore to give evidence in a political case is resident of Malaya and was connected with the Indian Independence League.

Swiss Journalist Expelled From Yugoslavia

BELGRADE, Jan. 14 (Reuter). Jean Buhler, Swiss journalist, correspondent of "Gazette de Lausanne" and "Tribune de Geneve" has been expelled from Yugoslavia for attempting to leave Belgrade for the provinces without permission of the Ministry of Information.

NATION-WIDE LOCKOUT IN ARGENTINA

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 14. (Reuter): A nation-wide lockout of commercial and industrial establishments throughout Argentina began today.

The shut down will last until Wednesday as a protest against the recent Government decree increasing the salaries and wages and ordering payment of month's pay as Christmas and New Year bonus.

Employers sal that the law is unconstitutional and refuse to make payments.

The Government is said to be determined to enforce the order and undertakings considered public utilities may even be confiscated if they refuse to company.

Sir Cowasjee Jchangir To Be Assembly Chairman

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14 (API.)

H. E. the Viceroy has appointed Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, Bart. to be chairman of the Legislative Assembly, pending the election of a President, says a communique.

ONCE AGAIN!
Restriction imposed during the war being removed our FLAG (Cycle tube) is back again.
India's first AND still THE BEST
'FLAG' CYCLE TUBE.
RED-PRE-WAR-QUALITY
RED ★ STAR
RICKSHAW TUBE
100% SWADESHI
R.B.S. JAIN DISTRIBUTORS LTD. CHOWK BENARES
BOMBAY. CALCUTTA. DELHI

Bihar Woman Ex. M. L. A. On Hunger-Strike

Demands Enquiry Into Allegations Against Another M. L. A.

PATNA, January 13 (A.P.I.)—The publicity officer on the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee in a press note says that the Satyagraha resorted to by Shrimati Saraswati Devi, a former Congress member of Bihar Legislature who is on a hunger strike for an indefinite period as Sadawat Ashram, the office of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee and residence of Dr. Rajendra Prasad, has been undertaken "to draw the attention of the Provincial Congress authorities to her demand for an inquiry into her allegations against a certain ex-M.L.A. of her district."

The note denies that the hunger strike is to protest against the method of selection of Congress nominees and adds that Mrs. Saraswati Devi "may be persuaded to break her fast soon."

It is learnt that the "allegations" referred to in the note were made against Mr. Krishna Ballabh Sahay, M.L.A., ex-Parliamentary Secretary who, it is further understood has made counter allegations against Mrs. Saraswati Devi.

SARDAR ON LEAGUE 'VICTORY DAY'

(Continued from Page 1.)

be pursued again, we shall not accept it.

We are determined to take power into our hands. We cannot now believe in Britain's words. Britain should show us by action that she is prepared to part with power.

We are not going to repeat the Simla mistake. We believed when we were called to Simla after previous imprisonment that the 'Military Viceroy really wanted to make a settlement with us. It is said that he was ready but pressure was brought to bear from above. He should have resigned in that case. But he was not much different from a statesman Viceroy. Only he speaks less."

MAHATMA KEEPS THE PEACE

"Some say Pandit Nehru was making fiery speeches", added the Sardar, "and stirring up a revolution and suggest that he should be arrested. They do not understand why there was no revolution in the country long ago. Mahatma Gandhi is responsible for it. He has done the work of the police. Even then he has often been put in jail.

A Parliamentary delegation has now come to India for study after 200 years. If Britain is prepared to give and we are ready to accept power there need be no dispute. But the civilians are not prepared to part with power. Why does Britain use our men in Indonesia. Indonesians are fighting for their freedom. Britain has enslaved us and cannot make us take part in the enslavement of our neighbours."

Sardar Patel referred to the victory celebration of the Muslim League and said it has won where there was no fight. "There was restricted franchise for the Central Assembly. But provincial election will have to be fought on a wider franchise. The Congress has decided to contest every non-Muslim seat and as many Muslim seats as possible. The elections will show in how many of the eleven provinces, League Ministries can be formed. There is no power in the Centre. Congress will again form Ministries in the Provinces. It is then to be seen where Pakistan stands.

"The Congress" emphasised Sardar, "is seeking election not on minor issues but to put into execution the "Quit India" resolution of 1942.

OUR FITNESS FOR SWARAJ NONE CAN QUESTION

The Congress, said Sardar, will meet the Parliamentary Delegation if it wants. We should not scorn it. But nobody has a right to question our fitness for Swaraj. Those who are sowing the seeds of a third war after fighting two wars have no right to question our fitness for Swaraj.

India is not out to fight the world but we want foreigners to remain here as servants and not masters of the country. No one has the right to partition India. You may celebrate Pakistan day but we are all still slaves. Pakistan can be achieved only after India is free. The Congress will fight for freedom single handed."

Visit To Kasturba Memorial Training Class

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 14 (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel visited today the Kasturba memorial workers training class conducted in the 'Sabarmati Ashram, where the first Gujarat batch of 23 girls is undergoing training for village work. Sardar Patel went round the place and inspected the arrangements.

Deep Significance

Addressing the trainees Sardar Patel said, that the place where these Kasturba workers were being trained had a very deep significance. The Sabarmati Ashram was hallowed by the long stay of Mahatma Gandhi and his wife, Kasturba. It was from here that Mahatma Gandhi awakened the whole country. This Ashram was still a place of pilgrimage to many.

Sardar Presides Over Vidyapith Senate

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 14 (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel presided over a meeting of the Senate of the Gujarat Vidyapith today when the annual report for 1944-45 and the budget for 1945-46 were passed. A trust of Rs 15,000 was accepted for research and for publication work already going on in the Vidyapith.

In celebration of the Diamond Jubilee of the Congress it was decided to publish a reference book in Gujarati containing resolutions passed by the Congress since it was founded. The Vidyapith is to celebrate its silver jubilee this year. A programme for its celebration as well as the future work of the Vidyapith will be submitted at the next meeting of the Senate.

RURALISATION OF CONGRESS

Mahatma Plans Overhaul Of Constitution Of Organisation

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 13.

Gandhiji's mind regarding the overhaul of the Congress constitution was revealed by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, addressing a meeting of the Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee. Representatives of the seven lakhs of Indian villages would constitute the real Congress, as a result of this overhaul, said the Sardar. It would mean the uplift of the villages. Gandhiji felt the need for a complete change of the constitution, he said.

Striking a note of warning, the Sardar said that quarrels within the Congress ranks would retard the march towards freedom. It was necessary to resist the lure of offices. He urged the workers not to indulge in quarrels regarding delegates' seats.

MONEY CANNOT BUY CONGRESS

Capitalists Pay Out Of Fear, Says C. R.

ARIYALUR, Jan. 10 (A.P.I.): Mr. C. Rajagopalachari addressing a public meeting here referred to the belief in some quarters that monied peopled could win over the Congress and said it was a thoroughly mistaken view. The organisation was for the welfare of the masses and could never fall into the hands of the wealthy classes, capitalists gave their money to Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress not because they had a charitable instinct but because they were afraid of the Congress. He added that the very constitution of the Congress was made for the masses and not for a few classes.

FIVE CONGRESS CANDIDATES FROM GANJAM & KORAPUT

BERHAMPUR (Ganjam) Jan. 13 (A.P.I.): The North Vizagapatam District Congress Committee has recommended to Utkal Provincial Congress Committee the following five candidates for being adopted as Congress candidates for contesting the forthcoming elections to the Orissa Assembly from the constituencies in Ganjam and Koraput District: Mr. Mocherla Sitaramayya and Srimathi Laxmibai for Berhampur, Dr. P. Vaikuntham for Parlakimedi, Mr. Paramurti for Gunupur, Mr. E. T. G. Krishnamurthi for Chatrapur. The recommendations have been communicated to the Andhra P. C. C. and Utkal P. C. C.

MAHATMA BACK AT SODEPUR

CALCUTTA, Jan. 14 (U.P.I): Mahatma Gandhi and party returned to Sodepur this afternoon after a five-day tour in Assam. Gandhiji boarded a special train at Parbatipur and had a peaceful journey. A batch of 22 volunteers and some members of the Khadi Pratisthan travelled with Gandhiji from Parbatipur.

Mahatma Gandhi gave 'darshan' to people who gathered at different stations and collected money for the Harijan Fund. Some military personnel also contributed to the Fund at Parbatipur.

At Santahar, a lady rushed to Gandhiji and presented him with one of her gold bangles.

MOVED BY DIAMOND HARBOUR TRAGEDY

CALCUTTA, Jan. 14 (A.P.I.): Members of Mahatma Gandhi's party included his son Mr. Manilal Gandhi, Mr. Pyarelal, Mr. Satish Das Gupta, Mr. Sudhir Ghosh, Dr. Bhagwan Kumarappa, Mrs. Probabati Devi and Raj Kumari Amrit Kaur. Boarding the special train at Prabatipur, Mahatma Gandhi's attention was caught by this morning's papers which carried accounts of the tragedy at Diamond Harbour under banner headlines. He was seen deeply engaged in reading the reports from different newspapers.

AHIMSA SWARAJ THROUGH CHARKHA

GOALPARA, (Assam), Jan. 13 (A.P.I.): Addressing the people of Goalpara after his evening prayer on the bank of Brahmaputra today, Mahatma Gandhi reiterated that there could be no Ahimsa Swaraj which was but another name for Ramrajya or Khodairajya, except through Charka. His definition of Ramrajya or Khodairajya was that under it even the weakest must enjoy the same freedom and same rights as the strongest. For that it was necessary that even the physically weakest person should be able to take due share in the struggle for independence. In other words women and children should be able to play an equal part with men. It was clear that this was not possible in armed warfare.

CURRENCY NOTES ORDINANCE REACTION

(Continued from Page 1.)

high a rate as eighty rupees.

There was no official quotation for gold and silver ready, and forward rates showed no clear-out tendency. Silver closed eight annas below on Saturday's figure, while gold was eighteen annas higher.

In the evening, it was reported that one thousand rupees currency notes reached a new low record in the clandestine market which had sprung into existence for them. It is stated that they were being offered at Rs. 400 each with few buyers, a discount of Rs. 600 on each note.

Declaration Form Ready

A press communique issued by the Manager of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay says:—

"Arrangements are being made to have the form of declaration (in triplicate) prescribed by Section six of the High Denomination Bank note (demonetisation) ordinance, 1946 (III of 1946) available at the front entrance of the Reserve Bank of India, Mint Road, Bombay, at 10-30 a.m. on Tuesday January 15, 1946.

NEW NOTES FOR OLD

"It is hereby notified for the information of the public that higher denomination notes of Rs. 500, Rs. 1.000 and Rs. 10,000 tenderable under Section 6 of the high denomination bank notes (demonetisation) ordinance can be exchanged into notes of Rs. 100 on presentation at any office of the Reserve Bank of India, all treasuries and branches of the Imperial Bank of India where currency chests are maintained provided they are accompanied by the prescribed declaration duly completed".

MASANI GIVES NOTICE

For Assembly To Discuss Inadequacy Of Food Grains Supply

BOMBAY, Jan. 14 (U.P.I.): Mr. M. R. Masani, M.L.A., (Central), has given notice of an adjournment motion in the Indian Legislative Assembly to discuss the failure of the Government of India to secure adequate supplies and build up adequate reserves of foodgrains to meet the present grave shortage in Western and Southern India resulting from failure of crops, thereby endangering the maintenance at the present level of rations which are already insufficient.

ORISSA 'BELSEN' REPORT SUBMITTED TO AZAD

(Continued from Page 1.)

was Roy had to tour on foot for weeks and obtained weekly information.

The report adds that the entire district is a Zamindari. "No other administrations except those obtaining in the most backward of the Indian States can hold a candle to the administration of this Zamindari. "Betti" (forced labour) and "Begar" (forced supplies), the traditional bans of administration in Zamindaries and Indian States, used to thrive in the worst form. Thus, says Mr. Biswas Roy the Koraput district has the misfortune of being governed under a dual system. The authorities being the Government on one hand and the Zamindar on the other hand.

SURPRISE ATTACK

The report adds that a party of about 2,000 under the leadership of Lakshman Naik went to Mathili village and held a public meeting in the place intended for the weekly market, about half a mile from the police station. Lakshman Naik exhorted the people not to co-operate with the present Government and to establish a people's Raj.

The police party led by the Inspector of Police, Malakangiri, announced that Lakshman Naik was under arrest because of seditious speech. The people followed their leader to the police station. At the police station the people were asked to disperse. "At once a surprise was sprung upon the people by simultaneous lathi charge and firing. Six persons died on the spot and about 100 people received injuries. Lakshman Naik himself was speared and bayonetted to the point on disfiguration. Many had to share the same fate".

AFTER TEN DAYS

The report adds: "It so happened that a party of estate officials was present at the place and assisted the police. A forest guard of Jeypore Estate who was drunk at the time caught inthe melee fell down in the canal near the police station built of rough stone and died of injuries on his head. One story goes to say that he died of injuries received on his headd, during the lathi charge on the crowd from the police.

Nobody was arrested then. About eight or ten days later with the arrival of the Collector and the Superintendent of Police the villages were ransacked in order to start a case against the leading Congressmen and sympathisers".

In the sessions a case was lodged against Lakshman Naik and 53 others charging them for murder of the forest guard. The case ended in conviction and sentence on Lakshman Naik to hanging and transportation for life with respect to others. Four of them were released. Ten of the accused were later released by the High Court. The sentence on Lakshman Naik was executed in the Behrampore Central Jail.

ORISSA'S "BELSEN"

The report describing Koraput jail as Orissa's "Belsen" concentration camp says: "Wanton killing of men by neglect and callousness reached a climax in the death of fifty political prisoners in Koraput jail during the period under report—a fact unparalleled in the annals of jail adminsiration—even in our unfortunate country.

The report alleges that Koraput jail was intended to accommodate 250 prisoners at most. During the August movement about 700 to 800 prisoners were kept huddled in this jail.

1,970 PERSONS ARRESTED

A statement attached to the report says that 1,970 persons were arrested during the movement. Eleven were placed in detention and 560 convicted. 363 demonstrations were held. There was no 'hartal'. There were 324 lathi charges. fotyone rounds were fired in two firings as a result of which 28 persons died. Three Government buildings were attacked.

Other activities in the movement included cutting of telegraph wires, cutting of trees in "Reserve" forests, destruction of stored railways sleepers, attack on bridges, exhortation of people for non-payment of taxes at weekly markets and picketing of schools, Abkari shops and courts. No collective fines weree imposed in the district. Fines imposed by courts included Rs. 11,200 of which Rs. 9,731 were realised.

Three cases were reported to have occurred in which three persons were hung by their legs to trees and were beaten with canes and lathis. Twelve of molestation of women have also been reported.

INDO-CHINA'S TOLL

HANOI (INDO-CHINA), Jan. 14 (A. P. A.): Both the French and Annamite sources today expressed the belief that between 600,000 and 2,000,000 persons are doomed to die in Indo-China within the next year. Lack of food and the intense cold already have taken a toll.

'NUCLEUS OF INDIA'S FUTURE ARMY'

Bhulabhai Says I.N.A. Has Written History Not Only In Blood But In Letters Of Gold

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai traced how the Indian National Army originated, in a lecture delivered by him at the Sunderbai Hall, Bombay, on Monday evening.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, presided and among those present were the Mayor of Bombay, Dr. Jos Alban D'Souza and Mr. J. R. D. Tata.

After the collapse of the British in the Far East Lt.-Col. Hunt capitulated in Singapore. At the time of the historic surrender at Kala Park. British officers were separated, so also were Indian officers and other ranks. Lt.-Col Hunt handing the Indians over to the Japanese military Commander Major Fujiwara addressed them saying: "I have handed you over to Major Fujiwara, whose orders you must henceforward obey."

Immediately after the surrender Major Fujiwara speaking to the men over the mike said: "I now give you your liberty if you are prepared to fight for your country."

Captain Mohan Singh who was there was prepared to take charge of the men. That very instant their minds and hearts became completely free. In a moment of desperation and enthusiasm and genuine realisation the Indian soldiers decided to fight for the freedom of his motherland.

That was the birth of the I.N.A. They raised a combatant force with 40,000 surrendered soldiers. Soon they were joined by 60,000 volunteers from the civilian Indian population of the territories conquired by the Japanese. As for the equipment they had the arms left behind by the British.

The I.N.A. had the support of 2½ million Indian residents of the place, 2,30,000 of whom had signed the pledge to achieve their motherland's independence.

PROVISIONAL GOVT.

Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose proclaimed the Provisional Government of India on October 23rd, 1943, which received the recognition of all Axis powers. Thus it is a significant fact that a war had been fought by the I.N.A. and a state formed.

At one time they occupied and administered 25,000 square miles of Indian territory conquered from the British.

History could not ignore this.

The only object of the I.N.A. was to liberate India. Ten thousand died in the struggle which was proof that if India was pushed to it she had men who could fight.

The motto of the I.N.A. was: "Let us march to Delhi even if we have to face millions of difficulties. Let us march to Delhi even if we have to write history in our blood."

That history they had written not only in blood but letters of gold.

Then leaders had been tried in the same Red Fort and under the same charges under which Bahadur Shah the last Moghul Emperor was tried in 1857. In both instances these gallant sons of India had failed but they had made history.

It was no wonder that men like Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel declared that the I.N.A. would form the nucleus of the future Indian Army when India became freed. What better men could India choose than these?

Br. Delegation To Meet Azad

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14 (A.P.I.): The Parliamentary Delegation may meet the Congress President Maulana Abul Kalam Azad on Jan. 16 in Delhi when he comes here for the meeting of the Congress Central Parliamentary Board.

The Delegation may also meet Sardar Patel.

A request in this connection was conveyed from the Delegation to Mr. Asaf Ali on the telephone yesterday.

The Delegation is likely to meet the Central Parliamentary Board of the Congress on January 16, at Delhi where they will drop for a few hours while going from Peshawar to Bombay.

The seven members of the delegation, who have gone to Peshawar will return in a specially chartered plane on the morning of January 16. The plane will pick up the other three members at Lahore and all the ten delegates will proceed together to Delhi where they will break the journey to meet the members of the Central Parliamentary Board of the Congress.

VISIT TO PESHAWAR

PESHAWAR, Jan. 14 (A.P.I.): Seven members of the Parliamentary delegation arrived in Peshawar by air from Lahore.

AT THE GOLDEN TEMPLE

AMRITSAR, Jan. 14 (A.P.I.): Three members of the Delegation, Mr. Bottomly, Mrs. Nichol and Major Wyatt accompanied by Mr. Elliot, Under-Secretary to the Punjab Government and Mrs. Elliot visited Amritsar today arriving here by car they visited the Golden Temple.

SIKHS CLAIM NO SPECIAL PRIVILEGE

While coming out of the temples, Mrs. Nichol asked a Sikh professor of history as to what would the Sikhs require in case of India's independence. He replied that they did not want any special privilege except equality and freedom for all communities.

TALKS WITH AKALI LEADERS

Lord Chorley and Brigadier Low, visited Amritsar in the afternoon and had half an hours talks with the Akali leaders in the office of the Shromani Gurdwara Prabandhak Committee.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14 (A.P.I.): Mr. Bottomley, a member of the Parliamentary elegation, it is understood, has agreed to meet the Secretary of the Government of India Employees' Association Mr. Dev., on his return to Delhi early in February.

India Elected To U. N. O. Council

LONDON, Jan. 14 (Reuter): The fourth meeting of the United Nations Assembly in London during which 34 nations elected India to serve on the Economic and Social Council for two years rose to its climax in the late afternoon with a powerful plea for realism and action by Mr. James F. Byrnes, the United States Secretary of State, cables Reuter's special correspondent.

Urging the Assembly to put the projected atomic Energy Commission to work without delay and provide the Security Council with the military power to enforce peace, Mr. Byrnes in new historic words pledged America's unstinted co-operation.

With speed, which stood in sharp contrast to Saturday's wearisome succession of inconclusive ballots, the Assembly decided the remaining details in the make-up of the Economic and Social Council by election to two-year term of membership: Russia, India, Britain, Norway, Cuba and Czechoslovakia.

This leaves the United States. Columbia, Greece, Lebanon, Yugoslavia and Ukraine as one-year members.

TWO KILLED IN POLICE FIRING

GWALIOR, Jan. 14 (API.) Two persons died and some others were injured as the result of police opening fire "in self-defence on a riotous mob of mill workers" of Jayajirao Cotton Mills on Jan. 12 according to a Press Note issued by the Gwalior Government.

Tear Gas And Lathi Charge At Khaksar Meeting

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 14 (API.)

Tear gas was used to disperse miscreants who were throwing stones at a meeting of the Khaksars held tonight near Astee Bazar police chowrsi. The meeting started at eight p.m. and immediately there was stone-throwing from all sides. Three persons were injured and removed to hospital. The disturbance still continues.

The police made a mild Lathi charge at the disturbance at the Khaksar meeting increased. Five persons were arrested. The meeting terminated at 12 midnight.

"EVIDENCE GIVEN TO SAVE HIS LIFE"

Prosecution Witness' Admission

NEW DELHI, Jan. 14.

Giving details of beating administered to him, Sepoy Jam Sher Khan, a prosecution witness, before the I. N. A. Court Martial trying Capt. Abdul Rashid stated that his evidence about force used to compel enrolment in the I.N.A. was given in order to save his life. Witness said this in cross-examination by Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan. Defence Counsel. Prosecution Counsel during re-examination attempted further questions on this statement but Defence objected and the objection was upheld.

Hav. Ram Rikh, 6/19 Hyderabad Regiment, and Hav. Clerk Taj Mohammed Khan, both prosecution witnesses, also gave evidence. The latter had not concluded when the court adjourned till tomorrow.

NEW NAZI MOVEMENT IN NUREMBERG

NUREMBERG, Jan. 14. (Reuter): The American Military Government officials in the Nuremberg area were to day searching for a method of combatting a new movement in Nuremberg, apparently aimed at keeping Naziism alive.

The movement is known as "Acht und Acht" (eighty-eight).

This number has been found scrawled on the battered walls of Nuremberg and Germans have been heard greeting one another on the streets with it.

"Eightyeight" represents—the eighth letter of the alphabet—standing for "Heil Hitler."

REVISED PRICES OF KEROSENE OIL

The Retail Prices of Kerosene O in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District will be reduced as shown below with effect from January 15, 1946:—

	Bombay City	Bombay Suburban District
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Per 1 gallon	1 0 6	1 2 6
Per 3/4 gallon	0 12 6	0 14 0
Per 1/2 gallon	0 8 3	0 9 3
Per 1/4 gallon	0 4 3	0 4 9
Per 1/8 gallon	0 2	0 2 6

The shop-keepers have been asked to display in a prominent place in their shop a list of the retail prices upto 8 gallons.

Tory Press Against Transfer Of Power After Election

INDIA IS A LAND OF IRRECONCILABLES, SAYS "DAILY SKETCH" COLUMNIST

Socialist Govt. Will Not Carry Out Such Idiotic And Homicidal Policy, He Emphasises

LONDON, Jan. 14 (Reuter).—The Indian problem is insoluable, says a three column article headlined "India ..Land of Irreconcilables—in the Conservative "Daily Sketch" by "Candidus", its regular commentator with a big popular following.

"Candidus" refers to a comment by a left wing newspaper that there is "a great body of opinion in Great Britain which will insist on transference of the Government of India from British to Indian hands," whatever the outcome of the elections in India may be, and he says, "I prophesy that the Government would never dare to carry out such idiotic and homicidal policy.

It will have to act precisely as a Conservative Government would have to act in the same circumstances—that is to keep on governing. If the Government were to abdicate its function in India, it would be a signal for a murderous civil war at once.

Facts add up to one comprehensive fact which we will never face—that the Indian problem is insoluable."

British ignorance about India, "Candidus" says, is less profound than it was. Most of the British people now realise that the cleavage between Hindus and Muslims, particularly in reference to Pakistan, is deep and apparently unbridgeable.

"But few of the British have yet apprehended that even if Hindus and Muslims were to come to terms there would still exist formidable obstacles to the unification of India which in all its long history has never been unified.

"Over and above Hindus and Muslims there are 50,000,000 untouchables to be considered. Their future must on mere grounds of humanity be protected.

"Neither caste Hindus nor Muslims would protect it: caste Hindus, because they despise untouchables as only one degree (if that) superior to beasts that perish and Muslims, because untouchables are Hindus and, therefore, are by definition not worth protecting.

"We might take the line that to consummate the high and noble ideal of 'India for Indians' we should leave the untouchables to whatever fate might befall them.

"It would be equivalent to sentencing an eighth of India's population to perpetual slavery which would, one feels, be a very queer manifestation of democracy on the part of the Socialist Government, however totalitarian it might be in domestic politics.

"The servitude that is being clamped on us is at least masked and cloaked. To wash our hands of the untouchables would be totalitarian cynicism, open and avowed.

"Then there are the Indian States ruled by Indian Princes numbering 562 and in an area varying from the size of some European countries to pocket handkerchief principalities. An All-India Federation would be a meaningless phrase without their participation and they will never participate. They will never submit to the suzerainty of Gandhi or Nehru or Jinnah. They would fight and they would win because they are solid and their opponents are divided.

"From the Indian masses there is no call for elimination of the British in favour of Indian rule.

'HELP TO RESTORE FREE INDONESIAN COMMUNITY'

Well-Known Indonesian Affairs Expert Writes Open Letter To Queen Wilhelmina

LONDON, Jan. 13 (Reuter).—Hilversum Radio today gave the text of an open letter sent to Queen Wilhelmina by Mas Slavet, a well-known expert on Indonesian affairs asking for her help "to restore a free Indonesian community."

Writing "as an Indonesian not as a Dutch subject," Slavet requests that men, with broad vision and great courage to act speedily in the present confusion, should be sent to Indonesia. He continues "My people are still suffering under the mailed fist of misled youth, and under the egotism of so-called leaders who were traitors in the days of affliction. For more than two months I myself have been detained by Indonesian youths and have witnessed the cruelty and human misery which can be the result of the spiritual confusion and base passions.

But I have also had little help for my endeavours to restore a free Indonesian community among the Dutch authorities whom I have been able to approach. The prospects are dark indeed.

"It is for this reason that I turn to you Your Majesty, as the authority who can help my people in their great affliction.

"Japanese propaganda activities continue in Indonesia. One cannot fail to be saddened by the sight.

He adds: "Yet I am confident that the tide will turn and that justice and friendship will reign where at present fear, crime and violence prevail. But the need is urgent. Immediate action by honest reliable men, who dare to defend the cause of justice, is essential.

Once fear and intimidation have gone many Indonesians, rich in experience and knowledge, will come forward freely to help build the house of liberty with enthusiasm. Yet the most loyal of Indonesians does not desire a return to pre-war conditions.

I like my **tenors...**

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Death Roll In Diamond Harbour Disaster Mounts To 147

CALCUTTA, Jan. 14, (API): The death-roll in the Diamond Harbour disaster has increased to 147, with the discovery of five dead bodies which were washed ashore on the farside of the Hooghly River at Diamond Harbour, yesterday.

Of those killed, 69 had been identified by last night. Thirty-nine dead bodies were cremated at Nimtollah Burning Ghat in Calcutta, having been brought here from Diamond Harbour.

GERMANS WANT BOOKS

D-Day Landing Is First Choice

(From Lyford Moore, Reuter's Correspondent)

BAD HEMBURG (Reuter): Germans are showing an insatiable desire for reading matter—and their first choice is books on how the Allies won the war.

What interests them more than anything else is how the Allied Command was able to land troops in Norman on D-Day.

But they will read anything that will take them temporarily out of their cold homes and bombed-out cities. Magazine editions running into hundreds of thousands are snapped up overnight and the American authorities in the U. S. occupation zone are planning to issue 28 paper-bound American books in editions of 35,000 to fill the gap between now and April when German publishing firms hope to be able to fill the demand.

German publishers are carefully watching public demand and seek to bring out first what is most desired. Many requests have been made for English-German dictionaries and language books, and there is great interest in religious subjects. Many newer firms want to come to grips with practical problems such as how to rebuild bombed houses, how to raise gardens and "how to make do and men" clothes.

There is an acute shortage of German social, economic and political writers and German publishers are seeking new authors in these categories, but thus far writers have either had: an "Ivory Tower" approach to such assignments or have been inspired principally by a desire to please the Americans.

Dilip Sen Leaves For India

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 13 (Reuter): Mr. Dilip Sen, former President of the Cambridge University Majlis, left Liverpool for India to-day. Mr. Sen told Reuter's Indian Correspondent that he hoped to be in Bengal in time to stand as a Nationalist candidate for the Bengal Legislative Assembly.

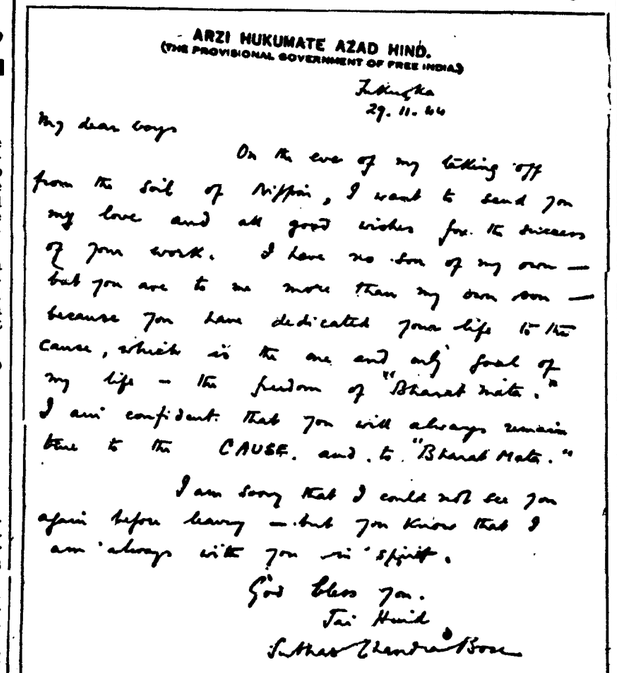
COASTAL STEAMER TRAGEDY

RAJKOT, Jan. 14 (API): A ship carrying a contingent of twenty-nine passengers, booked from Karachi for Okha Port in Kathiawar, recently encountered foul weather and foundered off Okha Port.

Out of the twenty-nine passengers, eight passengers who belonged to Vervala, were drowned.

BUDAPEST, Jan. 12 (Reuter): Dr. Laszlo de Bardossy, former Hungarian Prime Minister responsible for Hungary's declaration of war on Britain, United States and the Soviet Union, was shot yesterday although he had been sentenced to die by hanging.

A Page From I. N. A. History



ARZI HUKUMATE AZAD HIND.
(THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT OF FREE INDIA)

Tokyo
29. 11. 44

My dear boys

On the eve of my taking off from the soil of Nippon, I want to send you my love and all good wishes for the success of your work. I have no son of my own — but you are to me more than my own son — because you have dedicated your life to the cause, which is the one and only goal of my life — the freedom of "Bharat Mata." I am confident that you will always remain true to the CAUSE and to "Bharat Mata."

I am sorry that I could not see you again before leaving — but you know that I am always with you in spirit.

God bless you.

Tai Hsieh

Subhas Chandra Bose

This is one of the few authentic documents bearing on the I.N.A. which have been published so far. It is a letter written by Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose to the cadets of the I.N.A. Military Academy which was established somewhere in Japan. The cadets who were to be the future leaders of the I.N.A. were chosen personally by the Netaji and this facsimile shows the great interest he took in their welfare. "You are to me more than my son," he wrote to them. Some of the cadets have been repatriated to India recently.

TILAK MAHARASHTRA VIDYAPEETH JUBILEE

Shankerrao Deo Appeals For Funds For Reorientation Plan

Mr. Shankerrao Deo, member of the Congress Working Committee has made the following appeal:—

"The Indian National Congress at its annual session at Calcutta in 1906 placed before the country Swaraj for its goal, Lokamanya Tilak, for the speedy attainment of this goal, gave the country his famous fourfold programme in which he laid great emphasis on National Education. During the first great non-co-operation movement in 1920, Mahatma Gandhi also held boycott on Government Education institutions as a very important item in his programme of non-co-operation, Thousands of students who came out of the Governmental or semi-Governmental institutions at the call of the National Congress had to be educated on national lines for the service of their motherland. It was most proper and significant that the University which was established for purpose was named after the Late Lokamanya Tilak. The teachers and the students trained in the institutions conducted under the general guidance of this University had to lead a life of sacrifice and hardship but against heavy odds they continued their work of service and of creating national consciousness among the people in Maharashtra. It was these men who primarily conducted the Freedom struggle in 1930-32 and who moulded the politically conscious Maharashtra of to-day.

Under the changed conditions of today, it is proposed to make this University a great educational and cultural centre as a permanent memorial to the memory of the Late Lokmanya Tilak.

The Tilak Maharashtra University completes its 25th year in May 1946. The authorities have decided to celebrate its Silver Jubilee on the occasion and further to collect a fund of rupees two lacs for the proposed re-orientation of the work of institution.

There are innumerable followers and admirers of Lokamanya Tilak in the country and in the Greater Maharashtra I appeal to them all to contribute as liberally as possible in order to make this University a grand cultural and educational memorial to the Late Lokamanya".

KHAKSAR LEADER FORCED TO HOLD LEAGUE FLAG

Attempt To Address Lahore Meeting Culminates In Stampede

LAHORE, Jan. 13 (API): Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, was accorded a rousing reception on his arrival here from Delhi this morning.

Hundred thousand Muslims carrying League flags and shouting Pakistan slogans had assembled to meet the League leader.

As the train steamed in, the crowd rented the air with shouts of Muslim League slogans and showered flowers on the Qaid-e-Azam.

It took Mr. Jinnah nearly half an hour to find his way through the crowds to reach the car outside the station.

It was announced that the League leader will address a public meeting in the afternoon.

Mr. Jinnah drove to the residence of the Nawab of Mamdot, President of the Punjab Muslim League.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah addressing a public meeting under the auspices of the Punjab Muslim Students' Federation, referred to the cent per cent success of the Muslim League in the Central Elections and declared that if the same spirit of co-operation continued the Muslim League would sweep the polls in the provinces.

Referring to the alleged official interference in the elections in the Punjab, Mr. Jinnah said that the present Governor of the Punjab by his acts of commission and omission had done the greatest harm to the cause of British Imperialism in India.

The League wanted free and fair elections and would not countenance any interference even if it were from a Muslim official. He however assured that if they spread out in the countryside and convinced every Mussalman of the righteousness of their cause they would emerge victorious and break the Glancy-Khizar axis.

Mr. Jinnah said that the Muslim League had made rapid strides during the past five or six years so much so that Britain, America and other powers now realised that it was the only authoritative body of the hundred million Mussalmans of India. The assertion of the Congress that the Muslim League was a reactionary organisation, a tool in the hands of British imperialism had been thoroughly exposed.

Mr. Jinnah said that with provincial elections they had entered the second round of the struggle in which God willing they would also succeed. "The Muslim League" he declared "is a living force to-day and if you continue to work in close unity and co-operation the day is not far off when Pakistan shall be at your feet."

At the fag end of Mr. Jinnah's speech Allama Mashriqui arrived at the meeting with a contingent of Khaksar volunteers and made his way towards the dais. As he approached the dais he was received by Raja Ghaznafar Ali and a chair was provided for him among the distinguished guests. Mr. Jinnah suspended his speech and gave a cordial handshake to the Khaksar leader. While the League President resumed his speech the Khaksar leader sat listening quietly. As soon as Mr. Jinnah finished it was announced that the gathering should not move until Mr. Jinnah had left the meeting and entered his car.

When Mr. Jinnah was getting down from the dais the Khaksar leader sought permission to address the meeting. Mr. Jinnah inquired if he was a member of the Muslim League to which the Khaksar leader replied in the negative. Thereupon Mr Jinnah said that he could not address the gathering. Then the Khaksar leader asked for time to see Mr. Jinnah personally but the Muslim League President replied that he should make an appointment Mr. Jinnah then left the meeting escorted by the Punjab Muslim League leaders and volunteers to the Punjab Muslim Students' Federation.

After Mr. Jinnah had left, the Khaksar leader ascended the dais and attempted to speak but the gathering shouted that they would not hear him until he joined the League. The shouts culminated in a stampede in which a number of people went up the dais which collapsed under their weight. The contingent of Khaksar volunteers, who had so far been patient spectators, finding their leader in difficulty, came to his aid on the dais but they were unable to afford him effective protection.

The crowd snatched the Khaksar flag from the Khaksar volunteers and tore it to pieces. In the melee the small shamiana covering the dais was pulled down and the Khaksars were attacked. At one stage Allama Mashriqui was forced by the crowd to hold the Muslim League flag which he reluctantly did for a few minutes.

The crowd, however, would not leave the Khaksar leader until he had been virtually driven to take shelter in the hall of the college. Here the Allama lay unconscious for sometime and water was sprinkled on his face. The yelling crowd again beseiged the hall and thronged the entrances, the balconies and windows and in the stampede to get a glimpse of the Khaksar leader the students damaged window panes and furniture in the hall.

At this stage the police entered the premises of the college with the permission of the Principal and rescued the Khaksar leader.

CHINA'S BIRDS OF PEACE!

Nest To Be Built In Peiping

CHUNGKING, Jan. 12 (A.P.A.): A Three-Member Commission created to implement the truce in China's civil strike plans to fly to Peiping tomorrow to establish executive headquarters.

The Commissioners are: General Cheng Chieh Min for the National Government, General Yeh Chien Ying for the communists and Walter Robertson, the United States charge d'Affaires in Chungking.

"Crown Trying To Keep Back Most Material Witnesses"

Sarat Bose Makes Grave Charge At Inquest On Calcutta Firing Victim

CALCUTTA, Jan. 14 (API): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, appearing as Counsel for the Bengal Provincial Students' Congress at the Coroner's inquest on the death of nineteen-years old Rameshwar Banerjee, who is alleged to have been killed in the firing at Dharamtolla Street on November 21 during the Calcutta disturbances, made the charge yesterday that the Crown was trying to keep back the most material witnesses.

Replying to an enquiry by Mr. Bose as to who were the Superior Police Officers who were actually present at the incident, Crown Counsel pleaded inability to furnish the information at this stage.

The Coroner passed orders for the production of police documents giving the names of Police Sergeants who were on duty in Dharamtolla Street on November 21, the register of ammunition given to the police on that day, the records showing how many rounds of ammunition were spent there on that day, and the police report regarding the firing.

Earlier, Crown Counsel had stated that his instructions were that there was no evidence to connect the firing incident at Dharamtolla Street with the death of Rameshwar Banerjee.

Counsel for the father of Rameshwar Banerjee alleged that nobody gave the order for firing or for dispersal of the crowd on the occasion. However, at least on two occasions a series of firings took place. Counsel alleged that a Sergeant aimed deliberately at Rameshwar Banerjee. The latter succeeded in avoiding the shots at least twice or thrice by ducking with his hands. He was then hit and fell down. The brutality of the act, Counsel said, was that the Sergeant never aimed low although the police regulations demanded that the police should aim low at the feet.

Hearing has been adjourned to tomorrow.

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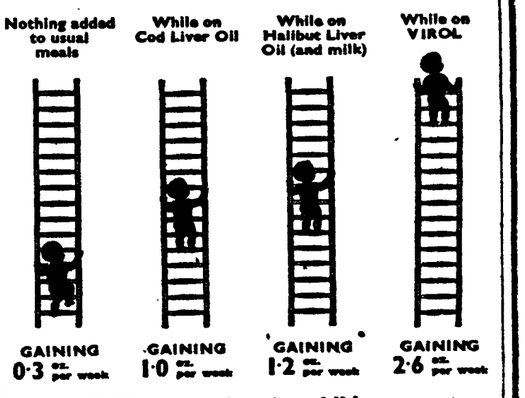
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While on Halibut Liver Oil (and milk)
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Share Bazar Recovers Sharply After Nervous Opening

BOMBAY DYEING SHARES LOOK UP ON PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT

Cotton Market Steady On Short Covering

BULLION TO RESUME TRADING WITHIN FIXED QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Jan. 14.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was nervous to-day and there were rapid price fluctuations. The market opened at a drastic decline. Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 2580 against last closing at Rs. 2697, Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 460 against last close at Rs. 482, while Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at a decline of Rs. 37 at Rs. 2110. The opening drop attracted some short covering and Tata Steel Dfd. Shares recovered to Rs. 2615 but quietened at Rs. 2600, Ordinary Shares after improving at Rs. 480, declined at Rs. 470, Bombay Dyeings improved to Rs. 2122, while Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 670 and improved to Rs. 680.

In the afternoon session fluctuations were as under:—

Tata Steel Ord. 475 77 76 78, Dfds. 2625 20 25 37/8 22 32 27 42 37 48 42/8, Dyeing 2150 45 52/8 63/8 65 60 66 68/12 65. It will be observed that Bombay Dyeing Shares were particularly firm on active by professional operator and managed to record a rise while the whole list closed under Friday's closing quotations.

Later on there was considerable replacement buying and short covering which resulted in a steady rise in quotations. It is generally believed shares which are quoted at prices on dividend basis will receive support while manipulated scrips will have to undergo a change. Tone of the market on the close at 4 p m was very steady.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 2165 Century 952/8 Nagpur 445 Swadeshi 759 New Great 444 Simplex X.D. 352 Kohinoor 689/8 Colaba 480 Gokak 845 Phoenix 785 Mysore 300 Indian Bleaching 211 Swan 360 Finlay 330 Morarji 797/8 Indore 761/4 Edward Sassoon 835

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 478 Tata Steel Dfds 2642/12

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 218/8 Andhra 1847/8 Power 1975 Tram Ord 158/8

CEMENT

Associated Meger 244

INDUSTRIES

Burma 632/8 Alcock 475 Bellapur 955 Shivrajpur 63 Steamer Ord 670 Scindia 43/9 Construction 237/8

CASH SECTION

Mills: Apollo 4/13 Elphinstone 88 I U Ord 3/8 Defd 18/2 Indian Mfg. 3800 Kuria 390 Khatau 362/8 Dawn 1250 David 1280 New City 442/8 Minerva 285 Bradbury 425 Baruchа Dfds 13/6 Bharat 65/8 Madhavji 22 Model 277/8 Laxmi Cotton 1590 Vishnu Cotton 550 Western 3625 Standard 505 Sholapur 7115 Sassoon Cotton 25 Hindustan 3700 Meyer Sassoon 233/12 Tata Mills 83/8 Ahd. Advance 465 Sassoon Silk 95 New Union 29/8 Poddar 365 Madhusudan 540 New 92 Shri Nivas 405 Raja Bahadur Poona 130 Berar 331/4

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 208/12 New 170 Surat 260 Surat New Premium 132/8 Karachi 237/8 Broach 12/12 Ajmer 14/10 Amalgamated 18/14/6 Jalgaon 11/9 Nagpur 51 Poona 285 Bombay Suburban 245 New Premium 100

BANKS

Reserve 159/8 Imperial 2522/8 P. P. 623/12 Central 110/8 India 232/8 Union 12/12 Baroda 171 Habib 84 International 52/12 A B C 44 Dena Bank 67 United 94 Jaipur 73/8 Hindustan 58 National Savings F P 72 R P 40 Mysore 400 Exchange 66/8 Eastern 106

INSURANCE

Oriental 6750 Empire 1260 New India 96/8 Jupiter 48 Vulcan 19/14 Indian Mercantile 75 Universal 15/12 Vasant 25/6/6 Br I Gen. 29/8 Ind Prud 51/8 Neptune 11/2 New Great 31/8

RAILWAYS

Ah. Prantij 706/4 C P 109/8 Mymensing Reb 116/4 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 110/8 Sara Sirajganj 116/4 Sialkot 117/2 New 64 Pachora 92/8 Hoshiarpur 117/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 216/4 Burma Petrol 9/11 Tata Oil 94/8 Mackenzie 165 Port Canning 111/8 Kemp 616/4 Zandu 315 Indian Radio Ord 391/4 B 380 Dfds 425 Indian Investment Trust 180 Wimco 391 Tata Chemical 23 Dharamsi Chemical 41 Mukund Iron 14/10 Dena Trust 27 Alembic 322/8 Supreme Industries 230 Jam Wire 138 Bombay Uganda 82 Bombay Cycle 38/8 Indian Cement (1937) 42 Walchand Nagar Industries 760

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 229/6 Tata Steel Second 170 Tram 71/12 Andara 1600 Tata Power 1700 Hydro 166/4 Bombay Steam 352/8 Nagpur 732/8 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 251/4 Poddar 117 Shri Nivas 101 Elphinstone 137/8 Bradbury 530 Surat Elec 215 Premier Construction First 135 Premier Construction Second 135/8 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 130 Walchandnagar Industries 263/12 Jupiter 18/10

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron and Steel 54/8 Bengal Steel 45 Indian Copper 5 B I C 8/15 Burma Corporation 7/14 New Victoria Mill 8/12 New Victoria Pref. 11 Cawnpore Tex 14 Raja Tex 69 Phalton 165 Gold Mohar 355 New Kaiser Hind 2575 Sajjan Mills 440 Osmanshahi 380 Ajamshahi 700.

GOLD & SILVER

Considerable nervousness appears in the local bullion market which was officially closed to-day.

The recent decision of the Board to settle all open contracts at rates fixed is greatly opposed as a section insists to give delivery against that sales. This state has resulted in a deadlock and further meeting is called to consider the situation this afternoon.

It was decided to resume trading from to-morrow within quotations fixed by the Exchange authorities.

BOMBAY COTTON

The effect of the recent Ordinances was bearish on the cotton market which opened at Rs. 434 for March delivery against the last close at Rs. 438. There was some liquidation and quotation eased off to Rs. 432/8. It can be said that cotton market is free from inflation effects as prices are unduly low and with the prospective statistical encouraging, there is no justification for any material decline beyond sympathetic effect as the present cloth prices as fixed by the Government provide handsome profits to mills.

Later on there was professional short covering and March improved to Rs. 435/8. To-day being Makarsankranti, the market closed at 2 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. January	.....	429	0 0
I.C.C. March	.....	435	8 0
I.C.C. May	.....	444	12 0
I.C.C. July	.....	455	4 0

COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton March Contract is 772 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Jan. 12.

	Hi.	Lo.	Close.
Jan.	432	428	431/8
March	441/8	436/8	438
May	450	446/8	448
July	461	457	459

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 14.

The market was at a standstill with no business as a result of new ordinances in connection with notes. Nominal quotation Groundnuts Goa and Khandesh quality Rs. 18/6, Castorseeds Rs. 16/6 and Linseed Rs. 20/4

bye to the villagers after a photograph had been taken.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Jan. 14:

Tata Ordinary 480 Tata Deferred 2630 Indian Iron 55/2 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 45/2 Bombay Dyeing 2150 Central India 447/8 Gokak 347/8 Kohinoor 690 Simplex XD 348 Andhra Valley 1850 Tata Hydro 218/2 Tata Power 1970 Associated Cement XD 246 Belapur 251/4 Bombay Burma (Old) 637/8.

HAPUR MARKET REVIEW

HAPUR, Jan. 11.

FOOD GRAINS:—

Market continue steady. The general food grains position in the province is steadily improving. It was recently revealed that the U. P. will have a priority over the use of 40,000 tons of Australian wheat which is being imported by the Government of India and which will be kept in this province as reserve. This should ensure timely help.

At Hapur wheat stock is unchanged at about 150 khattis and so is the control rate 10/4. In the market there is no difficulty in the availability of wheat. Other food brains prices are: Peas Ready 9/8 Old Khattis 7/12 Bajra 8 and Maize 7/4. It is learnt that during this season over 50,000 maunds of Maize and 4,000 mds of Bajra were imported into Hapur and consumed locally. During the last week about 1,000 maunds of Bajra was received.

Crop reports indicate slight damage to crop trough heavy frost and prolonged dry weather.

PULSES:—

Markets continue steady. Arhar is quoted at 8/5 ready and 7/13 old khattis. Urad 13/12 and Moong at 10/12. There were some further exports of Arhar bringing down the stock to about 40 khattis. These exports were made under old permits. No fresh permits have been issued recently.

GUR AND RAW SUGAR:—

Market remained quiet for gur. Government purchases round the control rate of 9/6 continued. This rate is positively unattractive. Market arrivals declined appreciably and new average about 1,000 mds daily. During the week ending Jan 10th, 17,114 mds. of Gur reported to have been exported by the Government to different military stations. Raw Sugar (Jaggery powder) market on the other remained quite steady. Current prices range between 11 and 11/4.

LONDON MONEY MARKET

LONDON, Jan 13 (Reuter): Although some banks called in funds from the short loan market in connection with big transfers of tax money to the treasury and credit was usable particularly towards the week-end, easy comfortable conditions prevailed on the money market during the past week with supplies of loanable funds ample to meet all requirements at the usual half per cent. In the discount market there had been a moderate demand. Applications for £140,000,000 sterling treasury bills totalled £200,000,000 sterling, the market receiving about 59 per cent of its applications. The average rate was 10sh. 0.38 per cent next week £130,000,000 sterling treasury gills will be offered with treasury deposit receipts nil.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Jan. 14.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/10 4/14 4/10/6 4/11/6
Bharat 65/8
B. Dyeing 2090 2130 5 22/8 15 52/8 30 53/12 55 46/4 50
Bradbury (Ord) 425
Central India (Ord) 425 35 30 41 35 40 38 49 42 49 44
Colaba 490 510
Edward 822/8 51/4 40
Elphinstone (Ord) 86
Elphinstone (Pref) 137/8
Finlay 325 30 25 28 26 2 31 28 29
Gokak 330 38 36 44 40 45 43
Ondia United Defd) 3/8 3/7 3/8 3/7/6
India United (Ord) 17/8 17/2 18 17 10 18 17/11 18/1 17/18 18 17/14
Indore 755 75 56/4 67/8 60 65 60 61/4
Khatau 360
Kohinoor 660 80 75 80 73 84 82 86 84 87 83 93 89 90 88
Madhusudan 540
Meyer 222/8 30
Minerva 285
Model 277/8
New Great 431 41 38
Podar 365
Sassoon Cotton 25
Shrinivas 415
Simplex 355 44 43 50 47 53 47 55 51 (Ex. Div)
Swadeshi 720 15 40 73 40 60 40 52 48
Swan 358 61 59
Tata Mills 82 87/8 87

BANKS.

Baroda 171
Central 112/8 9/12 10/8
Imperial (Old) 2522/8
India 231 32
Reserve 159 59/8
Union 12/8
United Commercial 95

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 211/4 7/8 8/12
Andhra Valley 1850 47/8
Tram (Ord) 157/8 58/8
Tram (Pref) 72/4 72/8
Hydro 217/8 18/8
Power 1970 75

INSURANCE.

Jupiter 48
New India 95 96/8 95/8 96 95/12
Scindia 41 43/8 41/8 42/10 43/4
Bengal Steel 45
Indian Iron 53, 54 53 55/4 54/12 55/8 54/6
Tata Steel (Defd) 2590 80 2610 5 20 2595 2635 17/8 42/8 25
Tata Steel (Ord) 460 79 68 75 70 78 75 77/8 74 79 75/8 76/8 75/8
Tata Steel (2nd Pref.) 170 69 69/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 481/4
A. Cement 241 44 43/8 45/8 44 44/4 (Ex Div)
Belapur 251 50 57
Burmah (Old) 627/8 25 40 32/8 40 32/8
Burmah (New) 218/12 20 16/4
B. B. Petrol 6/8 6/4 6/9/6
I. I. Trust 130/8
P. Construction (Ord) 233 30 39 38
Shivrajpur 63/8 62 63
Tata Chemical (Ord) 21/8 21 23
Tata Oil 95 95/8 94/8
Valchandnagar 760
Western India Match 392/8 93/12 91/4
Coorla Mills 345 62/8

Move Against Hakimi Fails

More Troubles In North And West Iran

TEHERAN, Jan. 12 (Reuter): The private meeting called by Dr. Mossadegh, member of the Persian Majlis (National Assembly) to obtain signatures of other deputies to a petition for the resignation of M. Ibrahim Hakimi, the Premier, was considered in Teheran today to have falled in its purpose.

A large number of deputies attended the meeting, but it was reported afterwards that most had refused to sign.

The Governor of Semnan, 100 miles north-east of Teheran, arrived in the capital today with his wife and two daughters. He reported that he had been urged to leave Semnan by leaders of the Tudeh (left wing) party after the strike of Railway workers had begun.

Half an hour after the Governor arrived in Teheran, it was reported that the strike had been called off.

Persian Military authorities have sent small artillery and infantry units of the Tenth Division in pursuit of Sheik Jaseb, who with Arab tribesmen had crossed into Persia from Iraq and claimed power over all the frontier provinces of Khuzestan.

Without waiting for their arrival the Sheik has already fled into Iraq again, it is reported.

He is the soff of the once famous Sheik Khazal, who was put to death on the orders of Reza Shah.

RUSSIA STAYS OUT

LONDON, Jan. 13. (U. P. I.): Russia stays out of Japan on her own request. This was revealed by Mr. Robert Paterson, United States Secretary of War, who said in Tokyo yesterday that neither Russia nor China had suggested sending Military forces to share the occupation of Japan.

Negotiations for the entry of British commonwealth troops were still progressing he added.

'Arab League' Their Only Hope

CAIRO, Jan. 12 (U.P.A.): King Ibn Saud declared today that the Arab League holds the fondest hopes of the Arab peoples, according to the newspaper "Al Mokattam." King Ibn Saud added that if the League failed, the Arabs could not rise again.

He also stated that individual Arab stands are now both unjustified and unpractical.

Ibn Saud disclosed that the British sought his opinion on the Palestine problem but he told them "Ask the Arab League."

RAW COTTON SITUATION

The Patel Cotton Co., Ld. has issued the following report:

The trade attention has been suddenly diverted to the important announcement made by the Office of Price Administrator that this year's U. S. cotton crop may be brought under price control in an effort to stabilise textile prices. America's trend to high living is making that country the world's greatest high cost producer of primary materials. Only a few days ago, the U. S. Secretary of Agriculture foresaw the possibility of internal cotton prices rising 100 p.c. above the international price. Obviously, some check somewhere was needed. It is thought likely that the O.P.A. statement regarding ceilings will be forthcoming this week-end with clarification whether such ceilings will be set on the basis of Farm price, warehouse or mill price. Cotton men are hopeful that the statement will clarify what differentials the pricing regulation will allow for grade and staple.

The proposed plan, as was to be expected, has roused hostility among southern Senators and already there are intimations of wide-spread protests. It has also weakened the O.P.A.'s chances of winning from Congress extension beyond June 30. Meanwhile some traders express the opinion that the proposal is likely to unsettle and curtail cotton futures trading.

The Liverpool cotton trade anxiously awaits the expected Government decision with regard to its future and on the future method of raw cotton importation and distribution. Now that Bretton Woods and U. S. Loan terms have been accepted, there is a feeling that Government ought to be in a position to make an early decision.

In Bombay, the price movement in cotton has been irregular and narrow this week, but sentiment is decidedly bullish with regard to the long term outlook. Those who were long of January evened up their position in order to avoid tenders or transferred to March. This put some pressure on the market at one time, widening the difference between January and March to Rs. 17. There were 7900 bales delivery orders issued against the January contract. Westerns and Comptas forming the major bulk of them. About 30 per cent of the tendered cotton is reported to have been passed in survey. This factor, together with encourage demand for actuals, induced considerable buying by Calcutta interests. The undertone of the market is firm owing to small tenders, I.C.C. March being quoted at Rs. 441-1/2 narrowing its premium to Rs. 10 over January

POTENTIAL STRENGTH

Although the market shows unmistakable signs of developing potential strength based on the statistical situation, traders at the moment prefer to wait for further international developments affecting the export position of Indian cotton before making fresh commitments. A Washington message says that the Export and Import Bank will shortly announce a 33 million dollar credit to China for the purchase of some 300,000 bales of cotton from the United States. This will provide nearly all the cotton which can be handled during next 12 months by China mills which are in working condition. Of Shanghai's numerous industries, cotton was the least affected by the war. None of the large cotton mills was destroyed in spite of persistent bombing. In addition, 75 per cent of the Japanese textile industries taken over are also in good working condition. Once restrictions on electricity, etc., are withdrawn and imports of raw cotton become normal. Shanghai's output of cotton yarn and piecegoods can easily reach almost a pre-war level.

India's feeling of frustration in face of this unequal competition by the U. S. can well be imagined. Export prospects of Indian raw cotton are bound to suffer vitally owing to (1) elimination of the pre-war important buyer, viz Japan, (2) U. S. Export Subsidy, (3) better shipping facilities which U. S. commands, (4) U. S. power to grant large scale credits and (5) the monopolistic penetration of U. S. cotton into world's markets by virtue of its expanding political and economic influence. As India can least afford to lose her share in European and especially Asiatic markets, the Government of India's Commerce Department must move quickly in arranging a swap, whereby our short staple cotton could be exchanged for silk, the cotton, yarn, flan, etc. which China would be wanting to export to this country.

There are very good enquiries in our local spot market from mills for old crop styles which have recorded a rise of Rs. 10 to 25 per candy. New crop delivery contracts are being quoted at about Rs. 10 to 15 'On' March contract whereas previously they carried the same premium 'On' January contract. N. T. Roller Gd. as well as Saw Gd. varieties are getting scarcer and prices of 289 F have recorded a sharp rise.

We have received the following telegram from our Karachi office dated 10th inst:—

"Arrivals increasing but off-take staples somewhat limited owing Karachi's higher parity. Readjustment party likely provided tenders large; but these so far light. Demand for Punjab and Sind Desi by exporters to Continent continues moderate. Mills interested good qualities 4F and staples."

Glancy Refuses To Meet League Deputation

LAHORE Jan. 13, (API): The Governor of the Punjab has declined to receive a Muslim League Deputation to discuss the allegations and complaints against the administrative machinery in connection with the elections in the Punjab as suggested by the Leader of the British Delegation yesterday and had instead advised that the Deputation should meet the Election Commissioner. This was disclosed in an interview to the Associated Press of India by Raja Gazanfar Ali who acted as the League spokesman at yesterday's talks with the Delegation.

Asked if the Deputation intended to meet the Election Commissioner, Raja Gazanfar Ali replied that there was no point in meeting the Election Commissioner as he was only a subservient authority.

Assam Minister Declared Elected

SHILLONG Jan. 13, (A.P.I.): Mr. Baidyanath Mookherjee, Finance, Transport and Publicity Minister of the Assam Government and a Congress candidate, was declared elected yesterday to the Assam Legislative Assembly from the Surma Valley Planting Constituency. Mr. Mookherjee polled 211 votes while his rival Mr. L. M. Choudhury (Independent) polled only two votes Mr. Choudhury forfeits his deposit.

Assam Minister Assaulted

GAUHATI, Jan. 12 (A.P.I.): Mr. Fakkuruddin Ali Ahmed, ex-Minister of Assam, who is out on election tour, was assaulted yesterday by some unknown persons at Rangapami near Abhoykori, according to report just received here.

NATIONALIST MUSLIM NOMINEES FOR U. P. ELECTIONS

LUCKNOW, Jan. 12 (A.P.I.): The U. P. Nationalist Muslim Parliamentary Board has announced today the list of their 31 nominees for the Provincial Assembly elections. Names for the remaining 16 seats will be announced later.

"PICTURESQUE AND MAGNIFICENT"

LAHORE, Jan. 13 (A.P.I.): Malik Khizar Hyat Khan Tiwana met the British Delegation today in his capacity as Premier of the Punjab and had talks lasting half an hour.

Later three representatives of the Muslim members of the Unionist Party, namely, Nawab Sir Muzaffar Ali Khan Qizilbash, Khan Bahadur Riasat Ali and Nawabzada Khursheed Ali Khan, had talks with the delegation for about an hour.

It is gathered that constitutional matters and the alleged official interference in the elections in the Punjab came in for discussion. The alleged official interference in the elections complained of by the Muslim League was described as a "bogey" by the Unionist leaders one of whom stated that the officials, particularly the British, were observing an attitude of benevolent neutrality.

At the conclusion of the talks Mrs. Nichols giving her impressions of the Punjab Premier, said that Malik Khizar Hyat Khan had a picturesque figure and a magnificent personality.

LEAGUERS MEET BR. DELEGATION AGAIN

LAHORE, Jan. 13 (A.P.I.): Five leaders of the Punjab Muslim League had another meeting with the British Delegation today lasting half an hour. It is understood that the political ideology of the Muslim League came in for discussion.

The League leaders who attended the meeting were the Nawab of Mamdot, President of the Punjab Muslim League, Mian Mumtaz Daultana, Raja Gazanfar Ali Khan and Mian Iftikharuddin.

At the conclusion of the meeting, Mr. Nicholson was asked by a press correspondent whether their trip to India would help to influence the decisions in Parliament.

He replied: "Yes certainly. For the last many years there has been no first-hand contact between the British people and the Indians. We have come with the object of breaking that isolation and establishing a well-informed nucleus on Indian problems.

Santa Cruz Primary Muslim League

The Joint Secretary, Santa Cruz Primary Muslim League, writes:—

At a general meeting of the Musalmans of Santa Cruz on Monday the Santa Cruz Primary Muslim League was formed when the following office-bearers and the members of the Working Committee were unanimously elected.

Mr. Choudhry Sakhimohmed: President. Mr. Samsuddin Jhaveri: Vice-President. Mr. H. L. Bhaliat: Secretary. Mr. K. K. Safri: Joint Secretary and Mr. A. K. Pittalwala: Treasurer.

MEMBERS OF THE WORKING COMMITTEE

Mulla Mutahersaheb; Mr. S. Jilani; Mr. M. Nazeer; Mr. S. B. Godhrawala; Mr. Salehbhai Tawawala, Mr. Hasanali Dawood; Mr. Salehmohmmed Alarakhia; Mr. Gulamhusein Noormohmmed; Mr. Miyakhan Khambati and Mr. Alibhai Akolawala.

Then a request was made to the Central Parliamentary Board of the All-India Muslim League to take in the non-selected candidates and thus to consideration the appeals filed by to remove the prevailing discontent from the major sections of the Muslims.

Choudhry Sakhimohmmed, Mulla Mutahersaheb, Mr. H. L. Bhaliat, Mr. K. K. Safri and others spoke on the occasion.

U. S. TELEPHONE STRIKE POSTPONED

Stoppage Of Work By 200.000 Electric Workers Imminent

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14 (Reuter):—The threatened nation-wide "hang up" of telephone operators affecting 250.000 company employees, which was called by the Executive Board of the National Federation of Telephone Workers last night, is to be delayed by 30 days.

The decision to defer the strike was taken "on the advice of counsel", the Executive Board stated.

A spokesman of the United States Labour Department had said last night that the Government had drafted legal papers in readiness to take over telephone exchanges, whereon a workers' union official said that if Government took over the telephone system it would be a matter for individual strikers to decide whether to return to their jobs.

While the communications strike is temporarily averted, the strike of 200,000 electrical workers, who are demanding a two-dollars-a-day increase, is however imminent.

They are expected to walk out tomorrow following the failure of their negotiations yesterday.

Elsewhere the labour situation is brighter. At President Truman's request the strike of 700,000 United States Steel workers for a 20 cents-an-hour rise has been postponed for a week for further negotiations.

Agreement has been reached with workers at three refineries in the threatened oil strike.

The stoppage of 150,000 New York building workers, announced for February 10, has been called off, according to the New York radio.

The Montreal radio says Canada is now faced with the possibility of stoppage by 12,000 meat packers over the interpretation of an agreement, but it is believed this dispute may be settled by negotiation.

6 INJURED IN GOODS TRAIN COLLISION

CALCUTTA, Jan. 13. (A. P. I.): Six persons were injured, one of them seriously, as a result of a railway collision at Manipur Road Station on the Bengal Assam Railway yesterday.

The collision occurred between a down mixed train, the engine of which was damaged and an up goods train. Damages were caused to some wagons also. The injured include two passengers and four railway men.

W. R. TALWALKER LENTIN CHAMBERS
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Grams: PUMPENAMEL BOMBAY

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SEMI ROTARY HAND PUMPS AND ELECTRIC PUMPING SETS A SPECIALITY.

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Its like BREAST MILK for INFANTS

Ample Supplies Available from All CHEMISTS & STORES

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Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

MOUTH HYGIENE FOR MILLIONS

To the need of millions of Indian homes for a first-class tooth brush, the Aryan is the perfect answer. Not only is it a truly swadeshi brush, but it possesses excellent quality too.

Here is a brush made from *sterilized natural* bristles set in the handle by the patented 'Aryan Grip' device. Both these features ensure longer service than obtainable from ordinary brushes with synthetic bristles. It has a special dental *scientifically designed* by a famous surgeon, Dr. P. Dhargalkar, which makes it possible for all parts and crevices of the teeth to be thoroughly cleansed.

Aryan TOOTH BRUSH

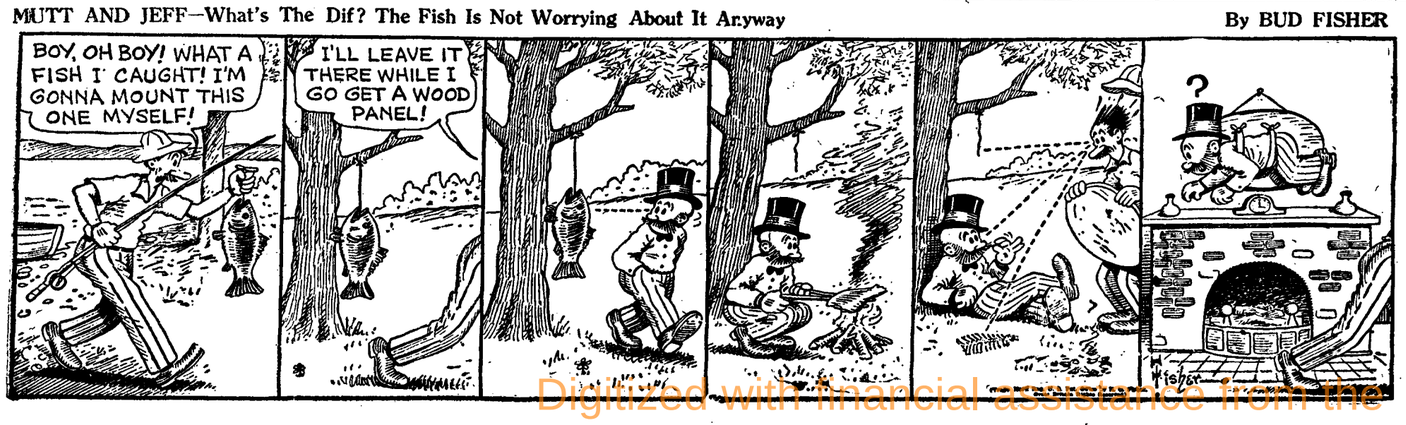
Sole Agents: KALAPI STORES, BOMBAY, 2.
ARYAN BRUSH COMPANY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

ATB. 4

QUINOLAN

CENTURY CHEMICAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS LTD. CALCUTTA

MUTT AND JEFF—What's The Dif? The Fish Is Not Worrying About It Anyway — By BUD FISHER



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To be paid in advance.

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Wanted—A Copyholder on Salary of Rs. 50/- plus dearness allowance of Rs. 12-8 as. minimum qualification matriculation. Apply with certificate to the Manager "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a B. Sc. with Physics Principal. Salary 50-5/2-80 with dearness allowance of Rs. 19-8-0. Apply immediately to the Principal, Samaldas College, Bhavnagar. (573)

Excellent opportunity exists for able Sales Organiser with large European firm. Qualifications—Considerable experience of pharmaceuticals on All-India basis. First class appointment for the right man with impressive immediate and future prospects. Write full details to Box No. 6243, "Bombay Chronicle."

Keen, alert Salesmen wanted by important European firm distributing fast-selling line. Good prospects because the product is universally needed and has monopoly appeal. Salary and allowances. Write stating previous experience and full details to Box No 6244, "Bombay Chronicle".

ACCOMMODATION ADLETS

Factory and Godown accommodation required in or near Bombay by leading European firm. Room for future expansion necessary. Write full details to Box No. 6241, "Bombay Chronicle."

Accommodation available. Large airy rooms, Pinto's Hotel, Parsee Bazar Street, opposite "Bombay Chronicle." (576)

OFFICE PREMISES WANTED

Office accommodation, minimum 4,500 sq. ft. required in Fort Area by leading European firm, either immediately or in 2 3 months' time. Write full details to Box No. 6242, "Bombay Chronicle."

HOTELS (IN HILL STATION)

Mountain Breeze Hotel, Rye-Woods, Lonavla. Excellent service, good living, limited accommodation. (559)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Experienced All-rounder Gujarati-speaking M. A., English specialised seeks tuitions. Write to Box No. 577 "Bombay Chronicle."

Get Medical Diplomas at home:— Ayurvedic, Homeopathic, Unani Prospectus free. Old Indian Medical College, Kotgarh, Simla. 5954

A New Batch for New Students Davar's College of Commerce, Applications for New Classes invited. Specialised courses in Banking, Company Secretaries, Accountancy, General Commerce, Gregg Shorthand, etc. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Rd. (572)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents, Representatives, Stockists, Distributors etc., for our Chemical & Biological Injectules & Patents Medicines. Please apply to M/S. Mandoss & Co., Ltd. 221/2, Strand Bank Road, Calcutta. (574)

We want progressive Distributors throughout India to handle Fountain Pens, Electrical Insulating Material, Vulcanized Fibre, Laminated Plastics, Industrial Belting and Hose, Rebuilt Industrial Machinery, Diesel and Petrol Engines and Generator Motors, Portable Electric Tools, Cement Colouring, Fire Extinguishers, Agricultural Machinery, Medical Supplies and others. Excellent opportunity. Apply Delacy Wyant & Co., Jan Mansions, Phirozshah Mehta Road, Bombay. 6239

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Upto date II grade Independent Lathe Chucks (Manufactured by us) passed by Inspection dept of Government are for sale size 6" to 20". Apply Messrs Shadi Engineering Works, G. T. Road, Batala. 6091

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted Typewriters, Standard or Portable, Communicate:— Bhatia & Co., 236, Kalbadevi Rd. (545)

Wanted—100 two ft. Narrow gauge trucks, any capacity, new or second hand. Ramchander Balabakhsh, Sambhar Lake. (580)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for supplying Two Electrically Driven Centrifugal Pumps capacity 5,000 and 3,333 Imperial Gallons per minute for Dudheshwar Water Works.

Copies of Specifications and the plans showing the general layout of the station plant will be available from the Municipal Engineer on payment of Rs. 10/-

The tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Water Works", addressed to the Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality and sent so as to reach him on or before 31st March, 1946.

An earnest money at the rate of 5% of the tendered amount should accompany the tender without which no tender will be considered.

Dated 10th January 1946.

(Sd.) S. G. PANDYA,
Municipal Engineer.

6246

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

2¾ Per Cent. LOAN 1960

Limited To Rs. 25 Crores (Approximately)

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ISSUE PRICE RS. 100
PER RS. 100 (NOMINAL)

Subscriptions will be received in cash/cheque.

Applications will be received from 10 a.m. standard time at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras and at branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places.

For full particulars apply to any of these offices or at any Treasury.

6152

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Phoenix Building, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for purchase and removal of the following ghi tins lying at Ghi Centre, Kamptee.

ITEM NO.	NOMENCLATURE.	QUANTITY.
1.	Miscellaneous fit bright plate tins	2,05,600 Nos.
2.	Miscellaneous fit black plate tins	97,024 "
3.	Unfit bright plate tins.	9,760 "
4.	Unfit black plate tins	4,800 "
5.	Cut mouth bright plate tins	2,560 "
6.	Cut mouth black plate tins	1,280 "
7.	Wide mouth unfit rusty tins	3,273 "
8.	4 gal. Kero Type tins (serviceable)	25,536 "

2. The ghi tins will be sold without any guarantee as to their condition or quantity and subject to Conditions of Contract Con. 117 (Copy obtainable from Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery, Queen's Road, Bombay).

3. The ghi tins can be viewed at site by previous appointment with stockholder.

4. Offers in tenderers' own form in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. RCS/SYD/5230 due on 21-1-46" should reach this office not later than 4 p.m. on 21-1-46. Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for 10% of value of the offer, deposited as earnest money in Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay, under Head of Account "Revenue Deposits." Deposit will be refunded to unsuccessful tenderers. Cheques will not be accepted. Tenders unaccompanied by deposit at call receipts will be ignored.

5. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 16-2-46. Delivery should be completed exsite within one month of receipt of acceptance of offer. No assistance will be offered in obtaining transport facilities, railway wagons, etc.

6. Tenderers will be at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof. Rates should be quoted separately for each item.

6230

NOTICE

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS
(DISPOSALS DIRECTORATE)

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of approximately 590,000 assorted M. T. Spares and fittings for Light Tanks as lying at the M. T. S. Sub-Depot, Kirkee.

The stores comprise various steel, glass, rubber, leather, etc. fabricated parts and fittings likely to be of commercial use.

(a) Samples of each item may be inspected at the offices of the Controllers of Supplies (Disposals), Bombay/Calcutta/Karachi/Madras/Cawnpore and Deputy Controller of Supplies (Disposals), Lahore.
(b) The stores will be sold as they lie with all faults and errors of description for which Director General of Disposals takes no responsibility.
(c) The sale of the stores will be subject to conditions laid down in Con. 117, which may be obtained free of cost from this office.
(d) Offers in tenderer's own form in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. DGD/SR-1397/MTP due on 31st January, 1946" should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 200/- deposited as earnest money in Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Govt. Treasury in favour of Director of Disposals, New Delhi.
(e) Tenders should reach Director General of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi by 4 p.m. on 31st January, 1946.
(f) Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 15th Feb., 1946.
(g) Delivery of the stores will be ex-site and removal should be completed by 30th March, 1946.
(h) Tenderers will be at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or any portion thereof.

6236

NOTICE

EXCELLENT opportunity exists for able SALES ORGANISER with large European firm. Qualifications—Considerable experience of pharmaceuticals on All-India basis. First class appointment for the right man with impressive immediate and future prospects. Write full details to Box No. 6243. "Bombay Chronicle."

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

LOST SHARE CERTIFICATE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 36261 in respect of Five Ordinary Shares Nos. 495801 to 495805 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd. standing in the name of Govindji Dayal Shroff has been lost, mislaid or destroyed. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Bombay No. 1, within one month from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate certificate will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

(Sd.) GOVINDJI DAYAL SHROFF
Dated, 14-1-46.

6240

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS from qualified candidates are invited for the following posts to work in rural areas.

Lady Health Visitors—Pay Rs. 60-10/2-150.

Midwives—Pay Rs. 50-5-70.

Trained Dais—Pay Rs. 30-2-50.

The staff is eligible for dearness allowance as sanctioned by Government from time to time. The posts are temporary for the present. Applications stating qualifications, date of birth, caste or sub-caste, place of domicile and previous experience should reach the Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay, Poona, not later than 31st January, 1946.

623?

NOTICE

OFFICE accommodation, minimum 4,500 sq. ft. required in Fort Area by leading European firm, either immediately or in 2|3 months' time. Write full details to Box No. 6242, "Bombay Chronicle."

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FACTORY and Godown accommodation required in or near Bombay by leading European firm. Room for future expansion necessary. Write full details to Box No. 6241, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

27 Share Certificates of this Company bearing Nos: 298319-28, 827593 -600 and 1278348-56 standing in the name of Mr. Martand Yeshwant Pradhan of Poona have been lost or mislaid. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the office of the Company, Scindia House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, within 8 days from hereof; otherwise duplicate certificates will be issued to the above-named.

NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 11-1-46. 6235

NOTICE TO ALL OWNERS OF PETROL DRIVEN MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTOR BOATS RESIDING IN THE BOMBAY REGION

APPLICATIONS for the basic ration for the quarter, commencing from 1st February, 1946, are to be made in H forms obtainable free from the following distributing centres.

1. For owners of motor cars, motor cycles and motor boats, in the Shamiana erected in the Motor Vehicles Department Office, Gymnasium Road, off Cruickshank Road, Bombay, from 17th to 31st January 1946 (excluding Sundays) between 10-30 a.m. and 2-30 p.m. on week days, and between 10-30 a.m. and 1 p.m. on Saturdays.

2. For Municipalities, Ambulances, School Buses, Trade Nos. Government Vehicles, Transport Vehicles, Taxis and Stage Carriages, applications are to be submitted in the office of the Area Rationing Authority, Head Police Office Compound, Bombay, from 17th to 31st January 1946, between 10-30 a.m. and 2 p.m. on week days, and between 10-30 a.m. and 12 noon on Saturdays.

Owners of Transport Vehicles and Taxis should produce either 'A', 'B' or Temporary Permits, and the registration certificates, together with applications in H forms duly filled in.

As usual, members of the Western India Automobile Association should apply to that Association.

Applications for supplementary ration may be made in K forms obtainable at this office from 1st February 1946, between 10-30 a.m. and 2 p.m. on week days, and between 10-30 a.m. and 12 noon on Saturdays.

The attention of motor owners is drawn to the fact that supplementary petrol coupons are stamped and made valid for 1 month only, though three months' ration is issued at a time.

In all cases, registration certificates must be produced together with the applications.

Owners are requested to obtain their basic ration before 31st January 1946, as failing this, they are likely to be put to inconvenience and delay in receiving such ration later.

SPECIAL NOTICE

OWNERS OF CARS will be required when tendering coupons at pumps to sign each coupon, and enter the number and make of their motor vehicles thereon, in token of having received petrol. A notice is stamped on the front page of each coupon book clearly defining the obligations of motor owners on handing in the coupons in token of having received petrol. This is being done to obviate any possible chance of persons possessing coupons to which they have no right.

E. SHEEHY,
Area Rationing Authority,
Bombay.

Area Rationing Office,
Head Police Office,
Bombay: 11th January, 1946.

6237

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 1,550 PITH SUN HELMETS.

By order of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals) Branch, Messrs. Crawford & Co. will invite offers by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 17-1-46, at 11 A. M. (N.S.T.) at Victualling Store Office, Dunlop Building, Apollo Bunder:—

1,550 serviceable sun helmets. Full cash & immediate delivery.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO.,
Government Auctioneers.

India Fans
Your FAVOURITE I. E. W. FANS ARE Now AVAILABLE Book YOUR ORDER TO AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT
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The INDIA ELECTRIC WORKS Ltd
6. SIR PHIROZSHAH MEHTA ROAD,
BOMBAY

PUBLIC NOTICES

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

FORM OF DECLARATION PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 6 OF THE HIGH DENOMINATION BANK NOTES (DEMONETISATION) ORDINANCE, 1946 (III OF 1946).

1. Name of declarant.
2. Status of declarant as owner of the bank notes to which this declaration relates, whether individual, Hindu undivided family, company, firm, local authority, or other association of persons
3. Address.
4. District or circle in which declarant is assessed to income-tax.
5. If declarant is engaged in business, profession or vocation, name in which carried on or in the case of a firm, the firm's name.
6. Principal place of business, profession or vocation of declarant location and style of each branch.
7. Name and address of each partner, if declarant is a firm.
8. Name and address of each firm or firms, if declarant is a partner in a firm.
9. If declarant is a salaried person, amount of the salary per annum.
10. If declarant is a Government servant, Government Department and post held.
11. If declarant is a retired Government servant, last post held, the Government Department under which such post held and date of retirement.
12. If declarant is a retired servant of a non-Government employer, particulars of last post held.
13. If declarant is not a retired employee, particulars of former profession or vocation.
    If declarant is a lady, name of husband or guardian and his address.
    If declarant is a lady with a vocation or employment, particulars.
14. Particulars of high denomination notes tendered.

Denomination	Numbers*	Total value
		Rs.
Rs. 500		
1,000		
10,000		

*List to be attached separately.

15. Reasons for keeping above amount in high denomination notes rather than in current account, fixed deposit or securities.
16. When and from what source did declarant come into possession of bank notes now tendered?
17. If notes in question represent re-import of bank notes sent out of British India, quote number and date of Reserve Bank of India's licence.
18. Does the value of bank notes now tendered represent business profits in whole or in part? If so, specify name of business and year or years in which such profits made and place of business.
19. If amount in 18 above is in excess of profits referred to therein, indicate the source of excess with evidence in support.
20. Has any other declaration been made by declarant or on his behalf elsewhere? If so, state full particulars.

I/We hereby declare that the particulars furnished above are full, true and correct to the best of my/our knowledge and belief. I/We further declare that the bank notes tendered herewith belong to me/us and are not benami holdings.

I/We undertake to advise the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay if any other high-denomination bank notes are tendered for exchange by me/us for exchange at any other station (s).

Signature.

Date. Permanent address.

I/We (if Bank) hereby testify that I/We know the declarant and certify that the above declaration was signed in my/our presence.

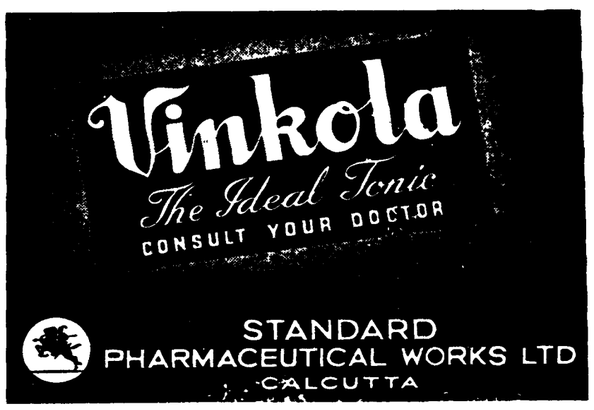
Date. Signature.

Station. SEAL. Designation.

I/We (if an officer of the Reserve Bank of India) hereby acknowledge the receipt of the high denomination bank notes tendered by ..... with the above declaration at ..... P. M. today.

Date. Signature.

Station. SEAL. Designation of receiving authority.



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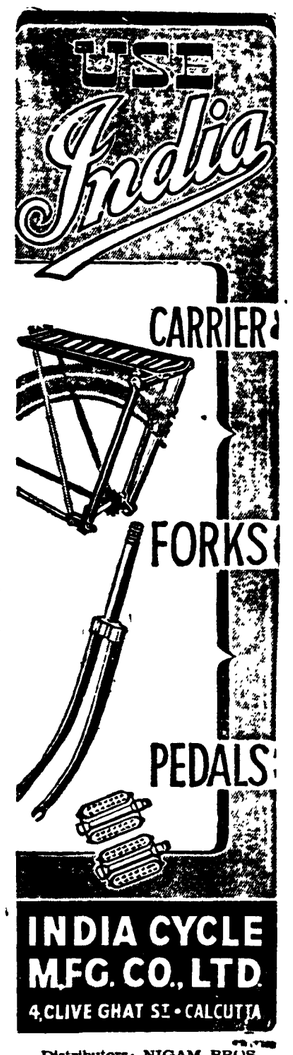

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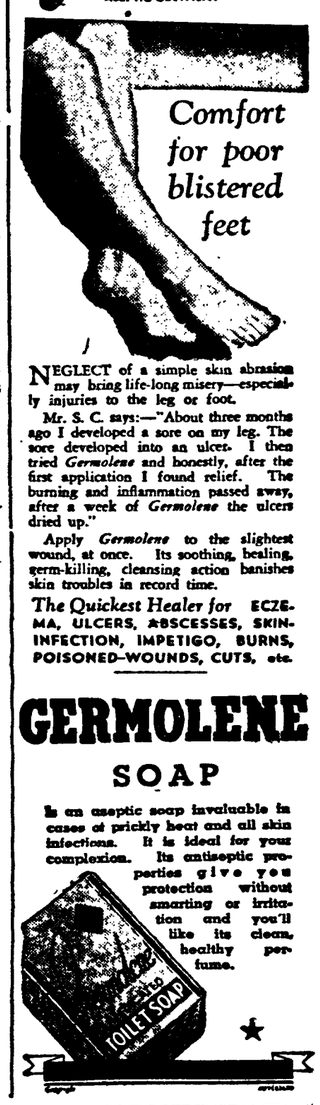
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